

A Collaborative Response for Children and Families in Crisis



Community SPIRR Protocol:
*Suicide Prevention, Intervention,
And Risk Review Protocol*

MARCH 2015

Community Suicide Prevention, Intervention and Risk Review Protocol

A Collaborative Response to Assessing Students in Crisis

Acknowledgements

The development of this protocol is the result of the hard work and partnership of the School Boards, Community Mental Health Agencies, Hospitals, Crisis Teams and Police Services, coordinated by the Catholic District School Board of Eastern Ontario. The protocol reflects the language and ASIST training provided by Living Works Canada, and the protocols of J. Kevin Cameron, Director of the Canadian Centre for Threat Assessment and Trauma Response, and the Human Services Centre for Mental Health for Maine and Colorado.



Community Suicide Prevention, Intervention and Risk Review Protocol

A Collaborative Response to Assessing Students in Crisis

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I. RATIONALE FOR DEVELOPING AND IMPLEMENTING SUICIDE PREVENTION AND INTERVENTION PROTOCOLS

The goal of this Suicide Prevention, Intervention and Risk Review (SPIRR) Protocol is to increase education and awareness on the topic of suicide, to assist district school boards and community partners to take active steps to support students who pose a risk of suicide and to ensure the safety and well-being of all children and youth in our communities. All partners agree to develop and support the protocol to prevent suicide and to create suicide safer communities.

The principal goal of the protocol is to respond as a caring community to reduce risk of suicide and implement risk reduction measures. We will do so by proactively sharing information, advice, and support.

Reasons why schools and communities should address suicide

Suicide Facts:

- In Canada, suicide is the second leading cause of non-accidental death among children and youth.
- In 2007 and 2008 suicide accounted for over 20% of deaths for young people between the ages of 10-24.
- Ten young peoples' lives are lost each week in Canada through suicide, three of them occur in Ontario.
- In Ontario, one in ten students (99,000 students) in grades 7-12 have reported seriously contemplating suicide, of those who reported suicidal thoughts 3% (29,000 students) of them reported attempting suicide.
- In 2009 the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development reported that the suicide rate for Canadian youth between the ages of 15-19 year olds is the 4th highest among its 29 member countries.
- Suicide in children and youth is complex behaviour that is associated with risk factors that include social, environmental, and bio-chemical - often interacting together.
- Mental health problems in children and youth, when left untreated, generally get worse. Suicide is frequently related to an underlying mental health problem that may have gone untreated or undiagnosed.
- From 1982 to 2008, the suicide rate has increased for girls and has decreased for boys, but boys continue to be at a higher risk of death by suicide.
- Rates of suicide increase markedly in late adolescents and early twenties.
- Suicide attempts peak in 16-18 years old youth, particularly in young women.
- Effects of youth suicide go beyond the victim affecting parents, family, friends, schools and the community.

Importance of Caring Community Culture

The importance of a caring community is acknowledged **as being a key to creating:**

- Children and youth who are healthy, resilient and feel accepted by peers, and respected for differences, including race, religion, gender, and sexual identity. This is important for a sense of belonging and acceptance.
- Communities that place strong emphasis on safety, respecting differences, inclusivity, communication and programming designed to facilitate social responsibility and healthy relationships.
- Systems that allow for early identification of potential problems that children/youth and families may be experiencing.
- Opportunities for children and youth themselves to be actively involved and included in the development of initiatives and programming to support a caring community.

II. VISION AND STATEMENT OF PRINCIPLES

All partners will take active steps to follow the SPIRR protocol to assist in the reduction of child and youth suicide in our schools and communities. The partners will work together to establish relationships of mutual respect and trust in a coordinated effort to identify, intervene and support children and youth at risk of suicide.

As partners, we will work together for the benefit of children, youth, and their parents/guardians by:

- Involving children, youth and their families in identifying and planning for outreach referral services and supports.
- Recognizing that each child and youth has unique strengths and needs that should be considered when developing an appropriate SAFEPLAN.
- Helping children and youth become happy, healthy, active, involved and caring members of the community
- Building working relationships based on mutual respect and trust between students, families, schools and communities.
- Working together in ways that promote safe, caring and restorative school environments and practices.

The partners agree to work together for the common goals of:

- Supporting schools and community partners in using the Suicide Prevention, Intervention and Risk Review Protocol.
- Building understanding of the nature of youth suicide: the myths and facts; risk and protective factors; warning signs; and appropriate interventions steps.
- Building collaborative connections within a community and among regional school boards and community support services.
- Educating schools, community services, parents and students about suicide prevention and intervention.

The protocol is designed to support children, youth and families and to facilitate communication. When the protocol is activated, families, mental health agencies, hospitals, schools/boards and other community partners will communicate relevant information to support the child/youth.

As part of the protocol design, District School Boards and Community Partners will commit to:

- Participate in Steering committee meetings as required.
- Designate a lead contact who has been trained in suicide intervention and assessment.
- Provide staff development in suicide awareness, and/or applied suicidal intervention skills training (referred to herein as “ASIST”, “safeTALK” and “suicideTALK”).
- Conduct a protocol review every two years from the date of signing.



III. COMMUNITY PARTNERS

The Mental Health agencies, Community Hospitals and District School Boards are the lead partners in the [Suicide Prevention, Intervention and Risk Review Protocol \(SPIRR\)](#) community team for our geographical area of **Lanark, Leeds, Grenville, Stormont, Dundas, Glengarry, Prescott and Russell Counties**. Community partners will also include health care services, Children’s Aid Society, Addiction Services, Developmental Services, Police and other community agencies from across the following four regions.

	LEEDS AND GRENVILLE COUNTY	LANARK COUNTY	PRESCOTT-RUSSELL COUNTY	STORMONT, DUNDAS AND GLENGARRY COUNTY	
MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES (AGENCIES AND HOSPITALS)	Children’s Mental Health of Leeds and Grenville Brockville General Hospital <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Crisis Team Elmgrove Site (16+ yrs.) Leeds – Grenville Mental Health Services (16+ yrs.) Canadian Mental Health Association Leeds and Grenville Branch	Open Doors for Lanark Children and Youth Lanark County Mental Health (18+ yrs.)	Valoris for Children and Adults of Prescott – Russell Hawkesbury and District Community Hospital <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Community Mental Health Clinic Montfort Hospital <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Community Mental Health Outreach (16+ yrs.) Centre Royal Comtois de Prescott-Russell, Hawkesbury	Cornwall Community Hospital <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Children Mental Health Programs Adult Mental Health Services (16+ yrs.) Mental Health Crisis Team (under 16 yrs.) ONLY if at ER or Home/School when police are present Children’s Treatment Centre	
	Hotel Dieu Hospital (HDH) (0-18 yrs.)		Canadian Mental Health Association Champlain-East Branch		
	The Children’s Hospital of Eastern Ontario CHEO (0-18 yrs.)				
	The Royal (16+ yrs.)				
POLICE & EMERGENCY SERVICES	Brockville Police Service Gananoque Police Service	Smiths Falls Police Service		Cornwall Community Police Service	
Ontario Provincial Police (OPP)					
HOSPITAL EMERGENCY SERVICES	Brockville General Hospital Kemptville District Hospital	Carleton Place & District Memorial Hospital Almonte General Hospital Perth & Smiths Falls District Hospital	Hawkesbury & District General Hospital	Cornwall Community Hospital Glengarry Memorial Hospital Winchester Memorial District Hospital	
	Hotel Dieu Hospital (HDH)* (0-18 yrs.)				
	The Children’s Hospital of Eastern Ontario CHEO* (0-18 yrs.)				
OTHER SERVICES	Developmental Services of Leeds & Grenville Athens & District Family Health Team CPHC – Community Family Health Team <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Prescott Family Health Team Upper Canada Family Health Team 	Ottawa Valley Family Health Team	Valoris for Children and Adults of Prescott - Russell ESF Du Bas-Outaouais-Lower Outaouais Family Health Team	Children’s Aid Society of the United Counties of SDG Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry Developmental Services Centre Seaway Valley Community Health Clinic	
	Child and Family Services Lanark, Leeds and Grenville		Centre de Sante Communautaire de L’Estrie		
	Community Care Access Centre (CCAC) – Mental Health and Addiction Nurse (MHAN)				

*CHEO and Hotel Dieu Hospital have an Urgent Care Protocol (See page 9)

IV. INFORMATION SHARING

The general intent of access to information and protection of privacy legislation is to regulate the collection, use and disclosure of personal information.

A parent or other substitute decision maker can consent to disclosure on behalf of the child/youth under the following circumstances:

- The child/youth is under 12 years of age and the service being provided is under the Ministry of Child Youth Services
- The child/youth is under 18 years of age and the service being provided is under the Ministry of Education

A child/youth has the right to block information sharing only when the child/youth can demonstrate both of the following conditions (capacity and consent):

- The child/youth understands what information is being shared, and can explain in their own words what information is being disclosed and to whom.
- The child/youth understands the realistic consequences of sharing information. The child/youth can explain in their own words the consequences if the information is released and if the information is not released.

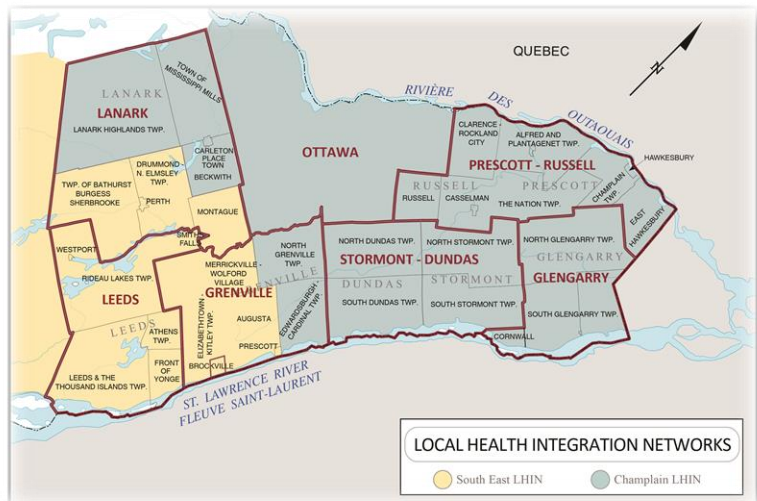
Consent to disclose personal information should be obtained, when and as required by applicable law. Valid consent does not exist unless the individual knows what he/she is consenting to, and understands the consequences of the intended disclosure. The individual must be made aware that he/she can withdraw consent at any time by giving written or verbal notice.

When the child/youth is at significant risk to themselves or others, information is shared regardless of consent until the appropriate care that reduces the risk is coordinated. The District School Boards and Community Partners are committed to the sharing of relevant information to the extent authorized by law. Children and youth may resist the disclosure of their suicidal intentions and may significantly overestimate their ability to control their actions despite a history of unsafe behaviour. Proceed unless the child/youth appeals the decision through the Consent and Capacity Board of Ontario.

Generally parents/guardians will be informed about the health and wellness of their child/youth by practitioners. Practitioners will support parents to understand what information would be helpful to share and with whom as a part of good intervention and aftercare.

Ottawa regional services including CHEO and The Royal are available to Prescott, Russell, Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry counties and parts of Lanark and Grenville counties.

Kingston regional services including the Hotel Dieu Hospital are available to Leeds county and parts of Lanark and Grenville counties



It is vital to note, however, that legislation allows the release of personal information if there is imminent threat to health and safety.

Green Light	Yellow Light	Red Light
Generally speaking, pursuant to freedom of information and privacy acts, relevant personal information CAN be shared under one or more of the following circumstances:	In any of the following circumstances obtain more information and/or get advice from supervisor or the board lawyer:	Information can NEVER be shared under the following circumstances:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Imminent threat to health/safety can be shared with appropriate partners (police, medical). • With written, informed consent • To avert or minimize imminent danger to the health/safety of any person. • To report a child who might be in need of protection under the Child and Family Services Act (*See Child Protection School Handbook). • By order of the Court. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consent is not provided or is refused, but where there may be a health or safety issue for any individual or group(s). • When a professional code of ethics may limit disclosure. • To cooperate with a police and/or a child protection investigation. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There is a legislative requirement barring disclosure. • No consent is given and there is no need to know or no overriding health/safety concerns, or • Consent is given but there is no need to know or overriding health/safety concern.

*Child Protection School Handbook has been provided to each school and partnering agency

Key Points Regarding Information Sharing

- The Municipal Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act (MFIPPA) and the Personal Health Information Protection Act (PHIPA) provide exceptions for the release of information where there are imminent risks to health and safety. MFIPPA notes compelling circumstances affecting the health and safety of an individual...” (Part II, 32(h), MFIPPA). PHIPA notes that “a health information custodian may disclose personal health information about an individual if the custodian believes on reasonable grounds that the disclosure is necessary for the purpose of eliminating or reducing a significant risk of serious bodily harm to a person or group of persons.” (2004, c. 3, Sched. A, s. 40(1) PHIPA).
- The Children's Aid Societies will endeavor to obtain consent to release information from all of their clients involved in a school or community **Student Suicide Safety Review**. Disclosure of information without consent may be considered if they believe on reasonable grounds that:
 - failure to disclose the information relevant to the threat is likely to cause the person or another person physical harm
 - the need to disclose is urgent.
- Section 125(6), Youth Criminal Justice Act (YCJA) enables information in a Youth Criminal Justice Act record to be shared, within the access period, with any professional or other person engaged in the supervision or care of a young person — including the representative of any school board, or school or any other educational or training institution only in limited circumstances. Information may be shared to ensure the safety of staff, child/youth or others, to facilitate rehabilitation/reintegration of the young person, or to ensure compliance with a youth justice court order or any order of the provincial director respecting reintegration leave. Such sharing of information does not require the young person’s consent.
- The recipient of youth justice information is responsible for ensuring compliance with legislated restrictions on its use and disposal under the YCJA s.125 (7). This provision requires that the information must be kept separate from any other record of the young person, that no other person must have access to the information except as authorized under the YCJA or for the purposes of ss.125 (6), and that it must be destroyed when it is no longer needed for the purpose for which it was disclosed.

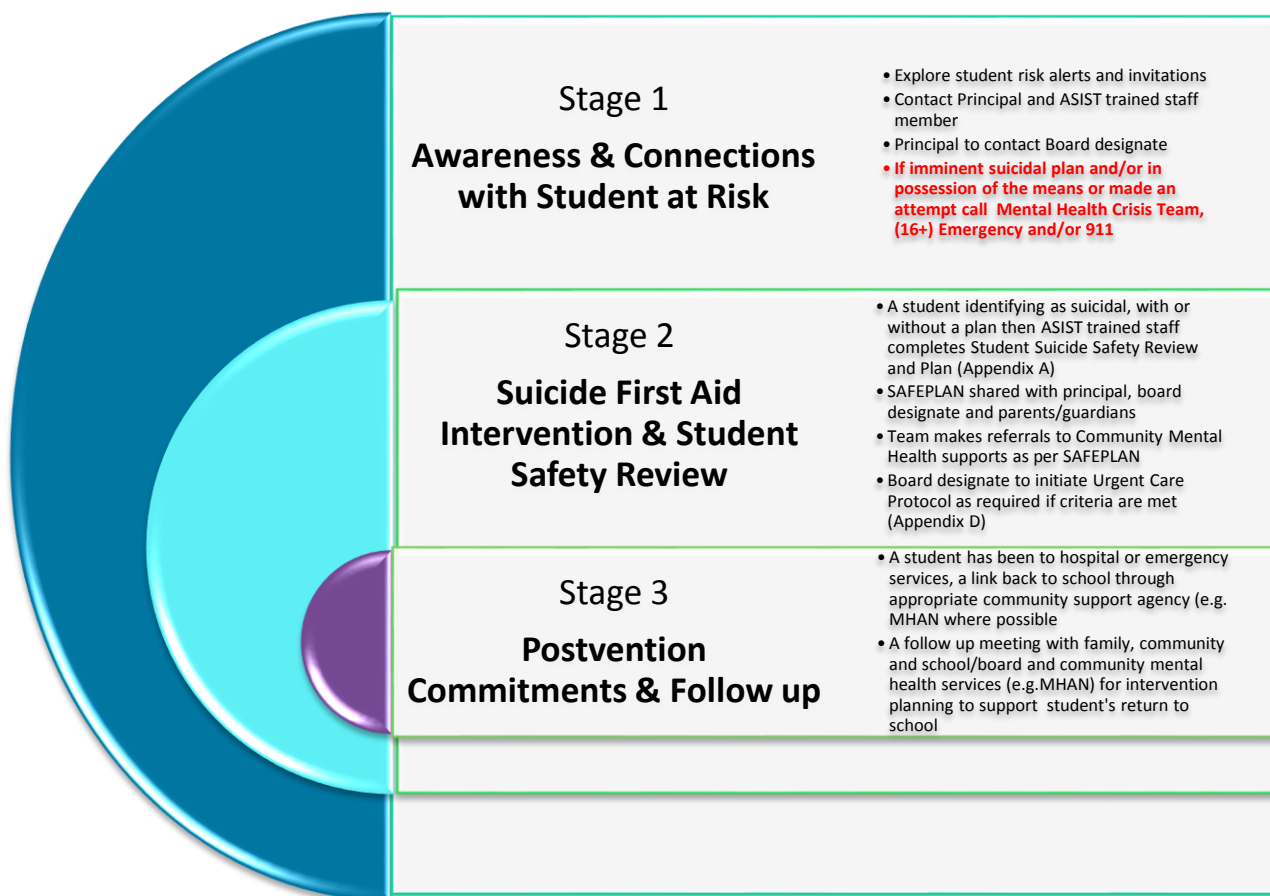
V. ACTIVATION OF PROTOCOL

The SPIRR protocol is activated when the risk of suicide is raised; when any peer, teacher, or other school employee identifies someone as potentially suicidal because s/he has directly or indirectly expressed suicidal thoughts (ideation) or demonstrated warning signs. High risk exists when a staff person observes or is told that a student is making explicit statements indicating the wish or threat to die or has access to or is in possession of lethal means. The student may appear significantly depressed, moody, irritable, unable to concentrate or withdrawn.

ALL STAFF MEMBERS MUST TAKE THREATS TO SELF-HARM AND SUICIDAL BEHAVIOUR SERIOUSLY EVERY TIME.

The following guidelines are intended to help school staff make the determination of when to activate the SPIRR protocol within the school environment. It is important to carefully consider each individual's presenting behaviours to ensure the most appropriate response. When the risk of suicide is raised, community partners will follow the protocols and guidelines of their respective agencies.

Intense suicide ideation with resolved intent, a plan, means, and/or weapon is present and/or suicide attempt has been made, call Mental Health Crisis team and/or 911



**A 3 STAGE MODEL FOR ALL STUDENTS PRESENTING WITH SUICIDAL BEHAVIOURS AND IDEATION
SUPPORTS AND INTERVENTIONS**

**Risk Alerts and Invitations
*Stressful Events with Feelings of Loss***

<p>Change in Actions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Giving away possessions • Withdrawal • Loss of interest in hobbies/activities • Abuse of alcohol, drugs • Reckless behaviours • Extreme behaviour changes • Self-injury 	<p>Change in Thoughts</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • “No one can do anything to help me now” • “I can’t do anything right” • “I wish I were dead” 	<p>Change in Feelings</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hopeless • Desperate • Angry • Worthless • Lonely • Sad • Helplessness 	<p>Changes in Physical</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lack of interest in appearance • Disturbed sleep • Change or loss of appetite, weight • Physical health complaints
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In consultation and collaboration it may not be necessary to move to Stage 2. If student is not suicidal:

- Student is **NOT** presenting with suicidal thoughts, but requires supports, refer to appropriate service internally or to appropriate community partners. Alert the student’s “circle of care” and supports.
- Document and arrange follow up with student
- Follow up with case conference(s) when required with parents/guardians, multidisciplinary team at school level
- Referrals to community supports as necessary (**Appendix F**)

Activation of the School and Community Suicide Protocol and Intervention

<p>STAGE 1: AWARENESS & CONNECTIONS WITH STUDENT AT RISK KEEP STUDENT SAFE AND UNDER IMMEDIATE SUPERVISION – THE STUDENT SHOULD NOT BE LEFT ALONE Automatic Activation: - Suicide attempt - Verbal/written threats to suicide - Internet, social media, IM, or blog messages to suicide - Plan and/or means to carry out a suicide attempt</p> <p>WITHIN HOURS / SAME DAY</p>	<p>KEY TASKS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explore student’s risk alerts / invitations • Contact Administrator & ASIST trained staff, if ASIST staff unavailable, contact crisis team or hospital • Data collection and identification of immediate risk factors • Administrator to contact Board Designate • Move to Stage 2 or emergency services if required. • If student is sent to CHEO/HDH, appropriate documentation (Appendix A) to be faxed to care provider • Contact parent/guardian (Appendix C) 	<p>STUDENT AT RISK: Support Network</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Student At-Risk • ASIST trained personnel • School Administrator • Parents/Guardian • Board Designate <p>As needed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Community Mental Health Services - Mental Health Crisis Team - Police - Hospital - Hospital Therapists with consent
<p>STAGE 2: SUICIDE FIRST AID INTERVENTION & STUDENT SAFETY REVIEW Student is identifying as suicidal with or without a plan</p> <p>STUDENT SUICIDE SAFETY REVIEW AND SAFEPLAN COMPLETED WITHIN HOURS/ SAME DAY</p>	<p>KEY TASKS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Suicide risk factors have been determined • Administrator is notified, ASIST trained staff and Board Designate is contacted (School/Board/Community as available) • ASIST staff to complete Student Suicide Safety Review and immediate SAFEPLAN (Appendix A) with student • ASIST staff to document SAFEPLAN in consultation with student, parent/guardian and team (Appendix B) • Administrator to contact parent/guardian • Board Designate to initiate Urgent Care Protocol (as required). Appropriate documentation (Appendix D) to be faxed to care provider. 	<p>STUDENT AT RISK: Support Network</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Student At-Risk • ASIST trained personnel • School Administrator • Parents/Guardian • Board Designate • Community Mental Health Services <p>As needed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Mental Health Crisis Team - Hospital - School Based Mental Health Addiction Nurse (MHAN) - CHEO/HDH Urgent Care Team - Hospital Therapists with consent

*When there is a threat of violence or risk to others, activation of the **Community Violence Threat Risk Assessment Protocol (VTRA)** is initiated*

<p>STAGE 3: POSTVENTION COMMITMENTS & FOLLOW UP</p> <p>Student has been hospitalized or emergency services were involved due to suicide ideation and/or attempt to suicide.</p> <p>AS SOON AS POSSIBLE PRIOR TO STUDENT'S RETURN TO SCHOOL OR IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING A STUDENT'S RETURN TO SCHOOL</p>	<p>KEY TASKS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Follow up meeting with family, community and school/board/ for intervention planning to support the student's return to school. • It is anticipated when a student is hospitalized or seen in the Emergency room, the Hospital staff will endeavor to link the student with the MHAN prior to discharge from hospital, or other appropriate community support agency. • If student is hospitalized or emergency and / or community mental health services involved due to suicide ideation, family, hospital, school/board, and community support agency (MHAN) work collaboratively to support a student's return to school where possible • Review and follow up on commitments made by student in the SAFEPLAN 	<p>STUDENT AT RISK: Support Network</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Student At-Risk • ASIST trained personnel • School Administrator • Parents/Guardian • Board Designate • Hospital • Community Mental Health Services <p>As needed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Mental Health Crisis Team - School Based Mental Health Addiction Nurse (MHAN) <p>See Appendix F for the list of hospitals, crisis teams and emergency services in each region.</p>
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Hospital Urgent Care Protocol

Psychologists and psychiatrists at CHEO/HDH are able to provide prompt mental health assessments on an outpatient/voluntary basis for children and youth who are in crisis but not at immediate risk of suicide and meet specific triage criteria including:

- **current suicidal/homicidal ideation,**
- **current or recent suicide attempt/gesture, who are medically stable,**
- **recent history of suicide attempts,**
- **acute change in mental status, particularly as a result of psychosis**
- **able to engage in safety planning until scheduled appointment.**

The Board Designate, upon their assessment of the situation and in consultation with the school, may refer the student to CHEO/HDH Urgent Care team for further assessment and follow-up by completing the [“Referral to CHEO/HDH Emergency Department Mental Health Assessment”](#) form (or such other document that is substantially in the same form), along with the [HEADS-ED screening tool](#) (Appendix D). The referral package may also include additional information such as the student's IEP, psychological assessments and Safe Plan. The Board Designate will then contact the Urgent Care Team at CHEO/HDH to determine eligibility to their Urgent Care program and complete the **“Consent to Share Personal Health Information”** form. A student requiring Urgent Care will be provided with an appointment with a psychologist or psychiatrist at CHEO within 7-10 days as per CHEO's Urgent Care Protocol, which protocol may be updated and amended by CHEO from time to time, and follow-up with a psychologist or psychiatrist as determined by the practitioner. For students accessing the HDH Urgent Care team, the student will be provided with an appointment with a psychologist or psychiatrist within 24 hrs. With follow-up sessions to be determined by the care provider. All completed documentation including the referral form, HEADS-ED and consent form, should be faxed to the appropriate hospital intake service once the referral is accepted and booked. The student should bring any additional relevant documentation to their first appointment. Following CHEO/HDH's involvement, a referral to community-based mental health care will also be facilitated by the Urgent Care Provider and Board Designate. With consent, CHEO/HDH will strive to provide feedback to the referral source (e.g. Board Designate), who may then share this information with the school as appropriate.

THE SPIRR PROTOCOL FOLLOWS A THREE-STAGE PROCESS

STAGE 1: AWARENESS & CONNECTIONS WITH STUDENTS AT RISK

Summary of Key Tasks:

- Explore student's risk alerts/invitations
- Contact Principal and ASIST school based staff member
- Data collection and identification of immediate risk factors
- Administrator to contact Board Designate
- Move to Stage 2 or emergency services/Urgent Care if required
- Principal to contact Parent/Guardian (Appendix C)

Stage 1 – Identifying Risk Alerts and Invitations

- Persons at risk (PAR) almost always signal to others that they are having troubles, unhappy or in pain. These signals are commonly referred to as invitations or risk alerts.
- Risk alerts and invitations may be as direct as statements to kill themselves or as subtle as behaviour changes or the giving away of items of significance.
- All risk alerts and invitations are to be taken seriously and explored with the student. The student should be asked directly if they are having thoughts of suicide.
- The student should not be left alone, and the ASIST trained school based staff and Administrator are to be contacted immediately. Move on to Stage 2 if determined risk is not imminent and emergency services not required.
- If a school staff member receives a disclosure and is not ASIST trained, they will continue to support the student, remaining with them while they contact the ASIST trained staff member in the school or at the Board.
- If imminent suicidal plan and/or in possession of the means or suicide attempt has been made, call Mental Health Crisis Team (age 16+), Emergency and/or 911. Student "Referral to CHEO/HDH Emergency Department Mental Health Assessment" with the HEADS-ED screening tool and "Consent to Share Personal Health Information" form should accompany the student to CHEO/HDH (included in Appendix D).
- Parent/Guardian notified by the Administrator.
- If not imminent and not suicide risk, planning regarding other issues presented to be completed with student, parent/guardian, school based team and community services (as appropriate). This is in cases where student identifies that they are not suicidal but may be struggling with other issues and require support and intervention.

The Stage 1 SPIRR Teams **MAY** include the following professionals and other members as the team deems appropriate:

- Student-at-risk
- ASIST trained staff (school/community)
- Parents, guardians,
- School lead/designate, Board Designate
- School based Mental Health and Addiction Nurses (MHAN)
- Community Mental Health Services
- Hospital Crisis Response Teams
- Hospital Therapists with consent
- Police

Automatic Activation (STAGE 3 REQUIRED)

- Suicide attempts
- Verbal and/or written threats to suicide, that indicate an escalation or change in their baseline behaviour
- Social media posts, statements, IM messages, or other social media posts where a student is threatening to suicide.
- The student has communicated a concrete plan to suicide and has the means to carry out their plan (e.g. pills, gun, knives etc.)

If the student is in possession of lethal means (e.g. weapon), call 911, secure the area and prevent other students from accessing this area. Activation of the **COMMUNITY VIOLENCE THREAT/RISK ASSESSMENT (VTRA) PROTOCOL** is now necessary.



STAGE 2: SUICIDE FIRST AID INTERVENTION & RISK REVIEW

Summary of Key Tasks:

- Suicide risk factors have been determined – with or without a plan
- Administrator is notified and ASIST trained staff is contacted (School/Board/Community as available)
- ASIST trained staff to complete Student Suicide Safety Review (Appendix A) with student
- ASIST staff to contract SAFEPLAN including safety contacts and crisis line (Appendix B)
- Administrator to contact Board Designate
- SAFEPLAN shared with Administrator, Board Designate and parents/guardians
- Team makes referral(s) and links to community mental health services, as required
- Administrator to contact and meet with parent/guardian
- School Board Designate may refer to the Urgent Care Team if criteria are met (Appendix D)

Stage 2 – SUICIDE FIRST AID INTERVENTION & RISK REVIEW

- Student is identifying as suicidal with or without a plan, an ASIST trained staff completes **Suicide First Aid Intervention and Student Suicide Safety Review (Appendix A)** with student.
- Student Suicide Safety Review is completed reviewing current factors, if the student has a plan, the student's level of physical and/or emotional pain, and the student's current formal and informal resources. The Student Suicide Safety Review will also review the risk of background factors such as prior suicidal behaviour and current or past mental health supports.
- Upon completion of the Student Suicide Safety Review, the ASIST trained staff will contract a SAFEPLAN (**Appendix B: Mental Health Intervention SAFEPLAN and Follow up**) with the student which would include addressing the risk alerts from the Student Suicide Safety Review.
- All SAFEPLANS will include the following: keep for now safe plan, safety contacts which will include a crisis line, safe or no use of alcohol and drugs and the disabling of the suicide plan if one is present.
- ASIST trained staff will support the student in linking to appropriate community mental health supports, both immediate and longer term.
- Board Designate may refer student to CHEO/HDH Urgent Care Team if required and criteria are met (Appendix D). Referral documents to be faxed to the hospital intake team after the referral is accepted and booked, so that communication back to the referral source may be facilitated.
- With the student, the ASIST trained staff and/or Administrator will contact the parent/guardian.
- Administrator will connect with Board Designate (Superintendent, Mental Health Lead, Behaviour Crisis Consultant and/or Special Services Counsellor) for follow up, supports and community referrals.
- Team makes referral(s) to Community Mental Health supports, as per SAFEPLAN.
- If student is refusing to engage in contracting a SAFEPLAN – emergency services and or mental health crisis team to be called.

Parents/Guardians

- Parents/Guardians are notified and requested to come to the school. Parent/Guardian Contact Acknowledgement Form completed (**Appendix C**)
- Parent/guardian is updated and informed of SAFEPLAN.
- Discuss and advise next steps to be taken.
- Student is released to the care of the parents/guardians with clear next steps, SAFEPLAN, safety contacts and other referrals and a list of community resources. For example the Crisis Line, a referral to School Based Mental Health Nurse or other appropriate community resource as required in the SAFEPLAN.
- A follow-up meeting date to review the situation and identify ways to best support the student's return to school. (Stage 3)
- If the parent/guardian refuses to obtain services for a child up to age 16, and the child is believed to be in danger of self-harm (as per Student Suicide Safety Review) a report should be made to Police and/or Child and Family Services/Children's Aid Society (neglect – failure to seek necessary mental health treatment which may place the child/youth at risk of serious harm). Department of Child and Family Services will conduct an assessment to determine if abuse or neglect does exist, and to engage the family voluntarily by offering supportive resources.

The Stage 2 SPIRR Teams may include the following professionals and other members as the team deems appropriate:

- Student-at-risk
- Parent(s)/Guardian(s)
- ASIST Trained staff member
- School Administrator
- School Board Crisis Response Team Member

As needed:

- Mental Health Addiction Nurses (MHAN)
- Community Mental Health Partner
- Children's Aid Society
- Community Mental Health Agency Therapist
- Hospital Therapist with consent
- Urgent Care Team



STAGE 3: POSTVENTION COMMITMENTS & FOLLOW UP

Summary of Key Tasks:

- Student has been hospitalized or emergency services involved due to suicide ideation and/or attempt, it is anticipated the hospital staff will endeavor to link the student with the Mental Health Addiction Nurse (MHAN) or other appropriate community support agency prior to discharge from hospital
- Follow up meeting with family, community and school/board for intervention planning to support the student's return to school
- Follow up on commitments made by the student in the SAFEPLAN

Stage 3 – POSTVENTION COMMITMENTS & FOLLOW UP

- When a student has been hospitalized or emergency services were involved due to suicide ideation and/or an attempt the link back to the home school will be supported by the School Based Mental Health Addiction Nurse (MHAN) and/or the Board Designate.
- Prior to the student's return to school a meeting with parents/guardian, student, school based team, Board Designate, MHAN and community services will take place for ongoing intervention and safe planning to support a positive return to school.
- If student is absent for an extended period time connection with family, hospital and school/board liaison (MHAN or Board Designate) to work collaboratively to support the students return to school where appropriate

The Stage 3 SPIRR Teams may include the following professionals and other members as the team deems appropriate:

- Student-at-risk
- Parent(s)/Guardian(s)
- School Administrator
- School Board Crisis Response Team Member/ designate

As needed:

- Mental Health Addiction Nurses (School Board/CCAC)
- Community Mental Health Partner
- Hospital Therapist with consent
- Children's Aid Society
- Community Mental Health Agency Therapist

VI. RESPONDING TO A DEATH BY SUICIDE

STEPS FOR RESPONDING TO A DEATH BY SUICIDE

- Utilize and follow the School Board’s guidelines for dealing with a traumatic event.
- Respond to a death by suicide within 24 hours or as soon as possible by referring to the agency/board’s traumatic events policy.
- Act in a caring and concerned manner.
- Administrator will inform staff about the suicide and provide a debriefing session where staff may voice their concerns, apprehensions and questions. Armed with the correct information, they can help dispel rumors and false information that may be circulating regarding the suicide.
- Utilize the support members from the School Board (crisis team) and community support agencies.
- Use a common language when discussing the suicide. For example using the statement “having died by suicide”, rather than “committed suicide”.
- Provide the opportunity for debriefing or counseling throughout the school for staff and students
- Avoid glorification of the student or the means of the student’s death; instead emphasize coping and community resources.
- Continue to monitor the school’s emotional climate, paying particular attention to students that may have been close to the student who died by suicide, as well as students who may have previously attempted suicide or had suicidal/homicidal ideations.
- Monitor internet and social media, utilize it to connect with students who may be at risk while respecting other pertinent policies.
- Utilize the community network to make referrals to appropriate services as well as exchange information concerning next steps for treating those affected by the suicide.
- Activate the School Board’s procedure for responding to the media and notify the Superintendent of Education for the school.



VII. COMPONENTS OF SUICIDE PREVENTION

EDUCATION, AWARENESS AND CAPACITY BUILDING

SCHOOL, SCHOOL BOARD AND COMMUNITY PARTNER EDUCATION AND TRAINING

Key Steps:

- Develop a plan to educate and train staff
- Key information for all staff regarding suicide, such as warning signs and risk factors
- Key persons trained as ASIST, suicideTALK and safeTALK trainers to provide training to designated staff in schools and community agencies

Although there are a variety of advanced training programs that may be used to teach how to conduct a suicide risk review, the District School Boards and Community Partners involved in this protocol are committed to provide training for staff in Applied Suicide Intervention Skills Training (ASIST) developed by Livingworks Canada.

Public health, the mental health sector, and the school system share a responsibility for education to the community at large. Raising staff awareness about suicide and training staff to take steps that prevent suicide are important components of any board-wide suicide prevention program.

- All staff should be made aware that suicide can pose a risk to both students and staff
- District school boards and community agencies continue to partner to create suicide safer communities for all
- All staff should be trained to recognize the risk alerts and invitations of suicide in children and youth and to take appropriate action

All staff will be provided with information and awareness about suicide and the school's role in suicide prevention.

The mental health of students affects their academic performance. It is part of the district school boards' mission to provide a safe learning environment in which education can take place and the mental health needs can be addressed through an ongoing partnership with our community agencies.

Suicide awareness education will be ongoing and combined other Board and community initiatives around suicide awareness and mental health. **Resilience and Protective Factors (Appendix H)**, describes resilience and identifies factors associated with resiliency such as psychological, social, cultural and physical resources that sustain student's well-being and promote positive mental health, therefore reducing the risk of suicide.

STAFF DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING

Select school staff to be trained in an evidence based suicide awareness program such as suicideTALK and safeTALK to identify suicide risk factors and warning signs among students and to take appropriate action. Suicide awareness training such as suicideTALK (LivingWorks) will be offered to all staff. ASIST training will be offered to selected school based and central staff members to provide leadership and support in the development of a SAFEPLAN for a student who may be at risk of suicide.

Training select school staff to recognize and respond appropriately to students who may be at risk of suicide can save lives.

- Staff interact with students on a daily basis and are therefore in a position to recognize changes in personality, appearance, and performance that may indicate a student is at risk for suicide.
- Students may be more likely to turn to a trusted staff member for help.
- Students may also confide in a trusted adult at school if they are worried about a friend or classmate.

Specialized training programs, which are evidence based such as LivingWorks, safeTALK, and ASIST (Applied Suicide Intervention Skills Training) will be made available to selected staff to:

- Develop suicide awareness
- Identify individuals who may be at risk for suicide
- Verify this risk by talking with the individual
- Refer the individual to mental health services that will help reduce their risk

Many, of these programs describe themselves as *“gatekeeper training”*. Some gatekeeper trainings teach people additional skills, including how to do the following:

- Reduce a person’s suicide risk by talking with them, listening to them and developing a SAFEPLAN
- Keep a person at imminent risk of suicide safe until additional help can be found
- Facilitate referrals and increase the likelihood a person at risk will receive timely professional help

Schools may experience an increase in the number of students who seek help for behavioural health problems, including those related to suicide. Components included in this protocol are to support and respond to students at risk and in crisis.

Warning signs and risk factors for children/youth who may be contemplating suicide can differ by culture. A student’s attitudes, sharing of personal information, speaking with adults or seeking help can all be culturally influenced. Staff attitudes about suicide and their role in prevention can also be affected by culture.

Selected central board administration and school staff will continue to be trained to assess suicide risk in individual students. Students can exhibit a range of suicide-related behaviours, including ambiguous statements that may indicate risk. Most suicide awareness programs teach people to recognize the warning signs indicating that a student may be at risk for suicide. They usually do not train staff to assess the level of risk beyond recognizing when a young person may be at immediate risk of suicide and should not be left alone. The availability of **community mental health partners** who have been trained to assess suicide risk in individual students is an important component of a comprehensive suicide prevention program.

PARENT/GUARDIAN AND STUDENT EDUCATION AND AWARENESS

It is important to note that when schools and communities implement programs to educate parents and students about suicide, they may experience an increase in the number of students who seek help for behavioural health and suicide-related problems. **Prior to implementing parent/guardian programs** schools should put in place:

- Protocols to respond to students at risk and in crisis
- Suicide prevention education and training for school staff

Providing parents with specific suicide prevention education is important for the following reasons:

- The information may help parents identify and get help for children who may be at risk sooner.¹
- Suicide prevention education for students is more effective when it is reinforced by the same information and messages at home.
- Involving parents is an important way to ensure that efforts appropriately target the needs of your community.

What Parents Need to Know

Although parents may be aware that children die by suicide, they often do not think it could happen to their child or in their community (Schwartz, Pyle, Downs, & Sheehan, 2010).

Parents need information about:

- The prevalence of suicide and suicide attempts among youth
- The warning signs, invitations and risk factors that may indicate a person is thinking about suicide
- How to respond and where to go for help if they suspect a child/youth may be thinking about suicide
- The available resources in their community

COMMUNITY PARTNERS—including parent groups and representatives of the faiths, cultures, and tribal communities, are important to the success of outreach activities. When designing and implementing parent outreach and education activities the following should be considered:

- **Engage parents in a variety of ways** - at school orientations (e.g. GR 7 and GR 9), health and safety events at the school, senior transition activities (e.g. GR 12), and other regularly scheduled events for parents. Efforts should not be limited to a one-time event.
- **Select appropriate formats for outreach** - written materials (e.g. newsletters, cards, emails, posters) or presentations (by school staff, a professional from the community, or a national expert). Outreach should occur in formats that are easily understandable.
- **Partner with other community organizations to share fact sheets and information regarding suicide.** (Community Mental Health providers, The Royal, Canadian Mental Health Association, and CHEO)

¹ Smith, T., Smith, V., Lazear, Roggenbaum, & Doan, 2003).

Parent/guardian education can be integrated into existing programs and activities such as Grade 7 and Grade 9 orientation as well as parent involvement events and community based education programs. .

INCLUDING SUICIDE PREVENTION IN OTHER EFFORTS TO REACH PARENTS

Schools have integrated suicide prevention outreach into other activities, examples of which follow:

- Holding a parents' night about student safety that included suicide awareness and prevention
- Sponsoring events for the parents of 6th, 8th and 12th grade students that focused on the upcoming transition and addressing issues such as anxiety, depression, substance use, and bullying, in addition to suicide
- Sending material—sometimes in the form of a card that fits into a wallet or purse or can be put on the family bulletin board—to the parents of intermediate and secondary students with information about how to help a child in crisis
- Including suicide awareness as part of orientation, safety days, or other health events at the school that involve parents
- Including suicide awareness and prevention in community and parent programs/classes

The School Board leads (or designate) under the direction of the Superintendent involved in the **Suicide Prevention, Intervention and Risk Review Steering Committee** shall participate and review suicide awareness implementation at district schools. Discussions of suicide and self-harm, whether part of curriculum or mental health awareness, should focus on warning signs, coping with 'risks factors', and seeking help rather than discussions on means/methods or portrayals in the media.

Teaching Adaptive Skills to Students: For identified higher-risk students (Children/youth diagnosed with mood problems, substance problems, students who have previously attempted suicide or otherwise disengaged), the use of evidence based mental health interventions within a school or clinical setting will be supported by partnerships between community based agencies and schools, and through connecting with mental health professionals in the community. These interventions are aimed at reducing known risks of suicide and may include interventions that are evidence based specifically for the presenting concern which may include mood, anxiety, substance use or other difficulties.

Screening: This committee does not endorse school wide screenings with psychometric instruments. The low base rates of suicides create significant issues with 'false positives'. Identification of cases happens through education programs to students and staff in recognizing warning signs and having specific conversations about suicide risk with identified individuals. Protocols then guide action to reduce the risk of suicides.

There is no list of indicators or risk criteria that fully encompasses students who may engage in suicidal behaviour. Warning signs and risk factors are neither a checklist nor a predictive scale. While there are common signs and risk factors that **may** contribute to the likelihood of suicidal behaviour, no list is designed as a way to profile behaviour. Rather warning signs and risk factors are intended to be reminders of possible areas to investigate further.

School Climate: Reducing risk factors in a school is related to creative safe and inclusive spaces that encourage help-seeking and connectedness with a student's peers and community. Schools are encouraged to review bullying campaigns, mental health anti-stigma campaigns, and issues related to gender identity and sexuality as appropriate.

VIII. COMPONENTS OF SUICIDE INTERVENTION

IDENTIFYING STUDENTS AT RISK OF SUICIDE

While there is no list of behaviours that describes a student at risk there are factors that are described by Livingworks Suicide Intervention Training as **Invitations**.

SUICIDE RISK ALERTS AND INVITATIONS

Identifying students who are at risk of suicide and implementing procedures to follow when a student is identified as being at risk will help prevent suicide and connect the student with the appropriate community services.

The following is a list of risk alerts and invitations that students may present with which will help staff in identifying students who may be at risk of suicide.

Risk Alerts and Invitations			
<i>Stressful Events with Feelings of Loss</i>			
Change in Actions	Change in Thoughts	Change in Feelings	Changes in Physical
Giving away possessions Withdrawal Loss of interest in hobbies/activities Abuse of alcohol, drugs Reckless behaviours Extreme behaviour changes Self-Injury/Self Harm	“No one can do anything to help me now” “I can’t do anything right” “ I wish I were dead”	Hopeless Desperate Angry Worthless Lonely Sad Helplessness	Lack of interest in appearance Disturbed sleep Change or loss of appetite, weight Physical health complaints

GUIDELINES FOR SUPPORTING STUDENTS NOT AT RISK OF SUICIDE

NON-SUICIDAL SELF-INJURY

Non-Suicidal Self-Injury (NSSI) (also known as self-injury, self-mutilation or deliberate self-harm), is defined as intentionally and often repetitively inflicting bodily harm to oneself without the intent to die. Self-injury includes a wide variety of behaviours, such as cutting, burning, head banging, picking or interfering with healing of wounds, and hair pulling.

The relationship between self-injury and suicide is complicated. Researchers believe self-injury is behaviour separate and distinct from suicide and the result of a very complex interaction among cognitive, affective, behavioural, environmental, biological, and psychological factors. In some people, the self-destructive nature of self-injury may lead to suicide.

Students who injure themselves intentionally are to be taken seriously and treated with compassion. Teachers or other staff who become aware of a student who is intentionally injuring themselves are to refer the student to the ASIST trained staff member in the school, Administrator, School Mental Health and/or Addiction Nurse. The Administrator/designate will link with appropriate community services to collectively support the student.

GUIDELINES FOR RESPONDING TO A SUICIDAL THREAT OR ATTEMPT ON SCHOOL PREMISES

When a student exhibits life-threatening behaviour or an act of deliberate self-harm at the school, an immediate response is necessary. Actions and interventions must be carefully planned and follow the flow chart as outlined in the previous section.

- Keep the student safe and under close supervision – do not leave the student alone.
- Notify the school Administrator/ designate who will contact appropriate emergency services and notify the designated regional board staff and the Superintendent of Safe Schools.
- Parents/guardians will be notified and arrangements will be made to meet.
- Consult with the community mental health crisis team for assistance in assessing the student’s mental state and obtain recommendation for treatment and follow-up.
- If the student does not require immediate emergency treatment or hospitalization and the crisis has subsided, the student will be released to the parent/guardian with arrangements for ongoing medical, mental health counseling and treatment as required. A follow-up meeting with the school and community team (SPIRR) would also be arranged at this time.
- If the student does require immediate emergency treatment, transportation to hospital or crisis services, arrangements will be made with designated regional board staff to follow up with parent/guardian and maintain contact while the student is away from the school.
- Arrangements for schoolwork and assignments will be made through the designated regional board staff.
- When returning to school, a postvention meeting with family, school and involved community partners will take place to facilitate a supported return to school.



NOTIFYING PARENTS

Parents or guardians should be contacted as soon as possible after a student has been identified as being at risk for suicide. The person who contacts the family is typically the Administrator, designated regional board staff, or a staff member with a special relationship with the student or family. Staff needs to be sensitive toward the family's culture, including attitudes towards suicide, mental health, privacy, and help-seeking.

1. Notify the parents about the situation and ask that they come to the school immediately.
2. When the parents/guardians arrive at the school, explain why you think their child is at risk for suicide. State what has been noted in their child/youth's behaviour and ask how that fits with what they have observed at home and in the community.
3. Acknowledge the parents/guardians' emotions, including anger.
4. Acknowledge that no one can intervene and support the child/youth alone – appreciate their presence.
5. Explain the importance of removing from the home (or locking up) firearms and other dangerous items, including sharps, ropes, car keys, over-the-counter and prescription medications, alcohol etc.
6. If the student presents with suicide ideation and no imminent plan (Stage 1 or Stage 2 pg. 16) and does not need to be hospitalized, discuss available options for individual and/or family therapy. Provide the parents with the contact information of mental health service providers in the community. If possible, call and make an appointment while the parents are with you.
7. Review and sign **Appendix C: Parent/Guardian Acknowledgement Form**, confirming that they have been notified of their child's suicide risk and received referrals to treatment.
8. Consult with the parents that you will follow up with them in a few days, continue to highlight the importance of following through with obtaining supports for their child/youth. If the parent/guardian is reluctant, discuss openly their concerns and offer to assist them in the process. Explore further supports and referrals with the parents/guardians if they expressing any reluctance in following through with a mental health referral, referral to a family physician or therapeutic counsellor. Address any myths or misinformation about suicide that may be adding to their reluctance to seek help for the child/youth.
9. If the student does not need to be hospitalized, the student is released to the parents/guardians care.
10. If the parents/guardians refuse to seek services for a child under the age of 16 who you believe is in danger of self-harm or suicide, you must notify child protective services under "Duty to Report".
11. Document all contact with the parent/guardian.

SUPPORTING PARENTS THROUGH THEIR CHILD'S SUICIDAL CRISIS

Family Support is Critical

When a child or adolescent experiences a suicidal crisis, the whole family is in crisis. It is important to reach out to the family for two very important reasons:

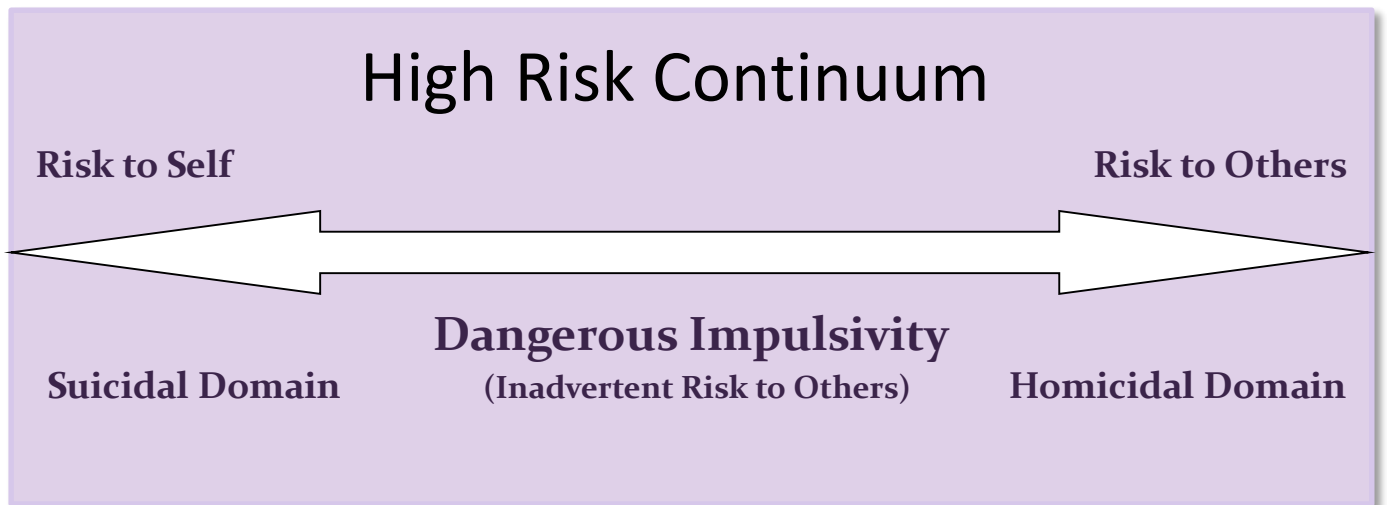
- **First**, the family may be without professional support or guidance in what is often a state of acute personal shock or distress. Many people do not seek help because they may not know where to turn.
- **Second**, informed parents are probably the most valuable prevention resource available to the suicidal child or youth.

A prior suicide attempt is the strongest predictor of suicide. The goal of extending support to the parents is to help them to determine where they can intervene appropriately to prevent the child/youth from attempting suicide again. Education and information are vitally important to family members who find themselves in a position to observe, intervene and support the at-risk individual.

FLUIDITY: MOVING FROM A SUICIDE RISK TO A VIOLENCE RISK THREAT ASSESSMENT (VTRA)

FLUIDITY:

Fluidity refers to the way a person can move from having *suicidal* thoughts and intent to having *homicidal* thoughts and intent. A person moves from thinking about harming themselves to harming others.



When conducting a risk review with a child/youth who is expressing thoughts or the intent of suicide, information gathered during the risk review may suggest that the child/youth may also be struggling with having thoughts or the intent to harm others (homicidal ideation), particularly if they have recently been traumatized or been part of a traumatic aftermath. The child/youth may project their pain not only onto themselves but also onto others, therefore there is the potential for both suicidal and homicidal domains to be active within an individual. A traumatized person may also act out impulsively and inadvertently be a threat to others, for example a distraught friend of a suicide victim gets in their car and dangerously races out of the school parking lot putting others' lives at risk.

When a student moves beyond having suicidal thoughts or intent to also potentially having homicidal thoughts or intent, the possibility of fluidity must be examined. If fluidity exists, a Stage 1 VTRA may also need to be conducted, and immediate risk reducing actions and interventions put in place.

FACILITATING A STUDENT'S RETURN TO SCHOOL FOLLOWING AN ABSENCE FOR SUICIDAL BEHAVIOUR

A designated central board or school staff with the support of the Mental Health Addiction Nurse/mental health worker will facilitate a student's re-entry to school after an absence due to suicidal behaviour. The school and community based team will assist the student in re-engaging in the planning for the re-entry to school. Confidentiality is critical to protecting the student and facilitating a positive re-entry to school. It is recommended that, prior to planning for re-entry, consent be obtained from the student and/or parent/guardian to communicate with the student's therapist, counselor, and team at the hospital or treatment facility regarding the needs of the student as they return to school. Meeting with the parents, school, community and student prior to the return to school is integral to making decisions concerning needed supports and any modifications to the student's routine. An individualized re-entry plan will be developed in partnership with the student, parent and involved community partners.

As the student returns to school some areas to consider are as follows:

- Establish who a safe person is for the student at school, establish how the student can access that person when/if the need arises
- The school and community team to meet to facilitate student's return to school
- School Administrators will address rumours and false information through a staff de-briefing. A possible student de-briefing may also be necessary.
- A designated person will be responsible to:
 - Follow up on recommendations from therapist, counselor and SPIRR team
 - Be familiar with the risks and warning signs for the student and communicate intervention strategies to the appropriate school based team members
 - Support the student during readmission to school/class/academic expectations etc.
 - Be a link between school, home and community
 - Coordinate follow-up meeting once the student has returned to school



IX. COMPONENTS OF SUICIDE POSTVENTION PLANNING

SPECIAL ISSUES

Postvention refers to programs, services and interventions for survivors following a death by suicide. Postvention activities will assist in alleviating the emotional distress of the survivors and help prevent suicide contagion.

Suicide contagion is a process by which the suicide or suicidal behaviour of one or more persons influences others to suicide or attempt suicide.² How a school/community responds to a suicide can help to prevent suicide contagion.

Monitor and assist students who are considered at risk for suicide. Follow up with students who were close to the student who died by suicide. School teams need to be aware of students at-risk and/or students who may display a change in their baseline behaviours.

Suggesting that the death was caused by a single problem (e.g. break up of a relationship), or detailed description of the suicide can also raise the risk among other vulnerable students.

It is important to develop a coordinated and timely response to a death by suicide. An unexpected death of a peer or someone they know can increase a student's sense of vulnerability; they may experience conflicting emotions such as feelings of loss, guilt and betrayal, making it difficult to focus on their regular activities and academics. As a result students may feel lost and present as withdrawn, increasing their risk of suicidal and self-harm behaviours.

A **Traumatic Events Protocol** will also address steps and interventions to take when confronted with a death by suicide.

GUIDELINES FOR POSTVENTION

Postvention guidelines are intended to provide a timely and proper response to suicidal crises (suicidal threats, attempt, or death by suicide). Appropriate postvention programs can be viewed as a form of prevention since, if carried out correctly and successfully, they can reduce potential cluster suicides.

By not having an adequate postvention program in place, schools may unknowingly contribute to further suicidal behaviours or copycat suicides. One such method necessary for any adequate response, is utilizing an established response team made up of school staff members, board level crisis response team members, and various members of the community. By having postvention guidelines in place, schools can provide a timely, effective and appropriate response to a suicidal crisis.

² Davidson and Gould, 1989

[“Preventing Suicide: A Toolkit for Schools”](#) recommends the following postvention guidelines:

- The school Administrator will verify the student’s death; ensure staff is aware and able to respond to inquiries from students, other parents, concerned community members and fellow staff members who may have questions or concerns.
- The school Administrator will communicate to the Superintendent and other schools that may be directly affected. (e.g. if the victim had siblings attending another school. The Administrator will coordinate with external mental health professionals, for immediate crisis support as well as identifying and monitoring students who may be at an increased risk for suicide.

The “Preventing Suicide: A Toolkit for Schools”, has also made samples of the following resources available:

- Sample script for office staff (regarding inquiries from concerned parents, students, and media)
- Sources of postvention consultation
- Guidelines for working with the family
- Guidelines for notifying staff
- Sample announcements
- Sample letter to families
- Talking points for students and staff after a suicide
- Guidelines for memorialization
- Guidelines for working with the memory of the student
- Appropriate commemoration in yearbook, graduation, and guidelines regarding anniversaries of the death or other high risk times

GRIEF COUNSELING

This may be the first experience with death for many students. Students, families and staff will need opportunities to express their grief in a safe and supported environment. Grieving is an important part of healing and provides an opportunity to learn how to cope with loss. When the death is by suicide, it is a delicate balance between providing opportunities for the expression of feelings and giving death so much attention that it makes the idea of suicide attractive to vulnerable students. It requires a thoughtful and balanced approach.

GRIEF PROCESS AFTER SUICIDE

It is common to struggle with the search for the reasons “why”, however this can lead to blaming, “scape-goating”, and may put the person being blamed at risk for suicide. Feelings of personal guilt and rejection are also common in the aftermath of a death by suicide. It is important to connect individuals experiencing significant distress or impairment with evidence based interventions for the concerns they are experiencing.

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APPENDIX A: STUDENT SUICIDE SAFETY REVIEW

STUDENT SUICIDE SAFETY REVIEW			
STUDENT NAME:		M/F:	AGE:
SCHOOL:		GRADE:	
DATE:		ASIST TRAINED STAFF:	
SETTING THE STAGE			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Be clear about your role and state limits of confidentiality 2. Be calm and non-judgmental 			
CURRENT FACTORS – what will keep you safe RIGHT NOW?			
CURRENT PLAN			
<i>(If the Person at Risk (PAR) is NOT able to participate in the intervention, activate emergency response and 24-hr monitoring services)</i>			
Do you have a current plan to kill yourself? Or harm someone else?			YES NO
If YES what is your plan?			
What things have you done to get ready?			
How soon?			
What life/situational factors are contributing to these feelings now?			
Are you experiencing physical and emotional pain?			
IF the PAR has a plan, work with them to disable the plan.			
List interventions to disable plan here: (who, what, when and how)			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • • • • 			
PRECIPITANT AND MOTIVATION – Safety Guards			
Are you currently using alcohol or drugs, or prescription medication?			
<i>Plan with the PAR for safe or no use of alcohol or drugs.</i>			
<i>Confirm safe use of any medication the PAR is taking and the side effects of any medications</i>			
List interventions here: (who, what, when and how)			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • • • • 			

PAST SUICIDAL BEHAVIOUR

Have you thought or attempted killing yourself in the past? :

When?

What have you learned from your past experience that might help with keeping safe now?

MENTAL HEALTH

Are you currently engaged in any MENTAL HEALTH treatment or other counseling support? YES NO

Have you had any previous mental health or concerns where you sought counseling? YES NO

What have you learned from current or past counselling or mental health supports that might help with keeping safe now? *If PAR agrees connect/contact current or past counsellor for additional ongoing supports*

List here:
•
•

IMMEDIATE SAFEPLAN

Agreement to keep safe for now YES NO

What is doable now?
Situational changes that disable the plan and the difficult situation:
•
•
•
What personal strengths are available to the PAR now?
•
•
•

Establish safety contacts YES NO

Who is able, available and acceptable? (list name and contact info)
•
•
•
•

Emergency Safety Contact (List medical doctor and local crisis line numbers)
•
•

CHECKING THE PLAN

Is the suicide plan disabled and was the PAR able to participate in the development of this SAFEPLAN? (remove the means and opportunity)		YES	NO
Has the PAR been provided with appropriate and available SAFETY CONTACTS, including their doctor or mental health counsellor and the local CRISIS LINE numbers?		YES	NO
SIGNATURES			
Parent / Guardian - signed Parent Notification Form Appendix C		YES	NO
Position	Signature	Date	
Principal / Vice Principal			
ASIST Trained Staff Member			
Designated Board Staff			
Superintendent			
Other			

NOTE: This form is to be completed by ASIST trained staff and the School Administrator and Board Designate are to be notified.

APPENDIX B: MENTAL HEALTH INTERVENTION SAFEPLAN AND FOLLOW-UP

PROTECTIVE FACTORS		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Secure attachment to internal and external resources <input type="checkbox"/> Positive school experience/connection with school <input type="checkbox"/> Not acting on previous suicidal thoughts <input type="checkbox"/> Religious affiliation (cultural belief) <input type="checkbox"/> Willingness to seek help <input type="checkbox"/> Positive peer relationships <input type="checkbox"/> Existing formal and informal resources 		
RISK FACTORS		
Psychosocial Factors <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Past suicidal behaviour <input type="checkbox"/> Availability of lethal agents <input type="checkbox"/> Social support <input type="checkbox"/> Disrupted relationships <input type="checkbox"/> Economic problems <input type="checkbox"/> Bullying <input type="checkbox"/> Family history of suicide <input type="checkbox"/> Exposure to suicide <input type="checkbox"/> Parent mental illness <input type="checkbox"/> Chronic stressors <input type="checkbox"/> Abuse/maltreatment <input type="checkbox"/> Questioning Identity (e.g. sexuality, aboriginal, new immigrant) 	Cognitive, Emotional and Behavioural Factors <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Impulsive <input type="checkbox"/> Hopeless <input type="checkbox"/> Poor distress tolerance <input type="checkbox"/> Poor emotional regulation <input type="checkbox"/> Rigid/inflexible thinking <input type="checkbox"/> Poor problem solving <input type="checkbox"/> Social skills deficit <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of positive affect <input type="checkbox"/> Aggressive <input type="checkbox"/> Antisocial behaviour <input type="checkbox"/> Sleep problems 	Mental Health Disorders <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> History of diagnosed mental health disorder (example) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Depression • Anxiety • Substance Abuse • Disruptive Behaviour Disorders • Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder • Eating Disorder <input type="checkbox"/> Other:
URGENT CARE FACTORS		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Active suicidal ideation ○ Specific/concrete plan ○ Clear intent or method ○ Sense of hopelessness ○ Reports writing suicide note ○ Severely depressed ○ One or more previous suicide attempts 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Currently abusing substances ○ Severely anxious, agitated or irritable ○ Limited or no social supports ○ Currently being bullied ○ Recent exposure to suicide ○ Recent acute stressors 	
LEVEL 1: AWARENESS		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Suicidal thoughts ○ No plan or intent, does not have access to a potential lethal weapon ○ The presence of adequate social supports ○ School based mental health team will initiate periodic follow-up and check-ins ○ Referral back to family doctor or existing mental health clinician ○ Referral to local mental health clinic and review of crisis resources in case of escalation 		
LEVEL 2: EXTRA CARE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Persistent and ruminative thoughts of suicide but generally able to cope and function ○ The presence of social support/clinical resources ○ Arrange for a mental health assessment on an urgent basis and agree on a SAFEPLAN 		
LEVEL 3: URGENT CARE		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Specific plan with intent & persistent suicidal thoughts ○ Recent attempt 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Inadequate social supports ○ Availability of lethal agent(s) ○ Engage emergency mental health resources: Crisis Line Worker, ○ Direct to emergency department 	

MENTAL HEALTH INTERVENTION SAFEPLAN AND FOLLOW-UP

Date:		Name of School:	
Name of Student:	<input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female	Date of Birth:	Grade:
Parent/Guardian (Name):			
Staff Members Involved (School and Board Level):			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • • • • 			
REASON(S) FOR DYING:			
REASON(S) FOR LIVING:			
STUDENT'S IDENTIFIED RESOURCES (AREAS OF STRENGTH)			
INTERNAL (e.g. spirituality, motivated, athletic):	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • • • 		
EXTERNAL (e.g. church, guidance counsellor, parents)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • • • 		
FOLLOW-UP SAFE PLANNING AND RECOMMENDATIONS:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • • • • 			
ADDITIONAL EDUCATIONAL OR COMMUNITY SERVICES ACCESSED/TO BE ACCESSED: (E.G. FAMILY PHYSICIAN, INTERNAL-SCHOOL BOARD REFERRALS, COMMUNITY REFERRALS)			
INTERNAL SCHOOL BOARD REFERRALS:			
COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALTH REFERRALS:			
COMMUNITY PROGRAMS: (Youth center, church, athletic programs)			

Interventions (Psychologist, Superintendent, Central Board Designate, Mental Health, Justice, Addictions Services, other)	Name:	Intervention:	Date:

Other Recommendations:

MONITOR THIS INTERVENTION PLAN REGULARLY AND MODIFY AS APPROPRIATE

TEAM MEMBERS	DATE	SIGNATURE
Student		
Principal/Vice-Principal		
Central Board Designate		
Mental Health Lead or Psychologist		
Superintendent of Education/ Safe Schools		
Mental Health/Community Partner		
Parents/Guardian(s)		
Other		

APPENDIX C: PARENT/GUARDIAN ACKNOWLEDGEMENT FORM & SCHOOL BOARDS' CONSENTS

This form is an example that can be used to verify that the parents/guardians have been advised of a student's suicide risk.

PARENT/GUARDIAN CONTACT ACKNOWLEDGEMENT FORM

SCHOOL NAME: _____

This is to verify that I _____ (parent/guardian) have spoken with _____ (staff member) on _____ (date), concerning my child/youth's suicidal risk. I have been advised to seek services of a mental health agency or mental health professional immediately.

I understand that _____ (staff member) will follow up with me, my child/youth and the agency to whom my child/youth has been referred to for services within two weeks, with consent.

PARENT/GUARDIAN SIGNATURE: _____ DATE: _____

STAFF MEMBER SIGNATURE: _____

ADMINISTRATOR SIGNATURE: _____

DATE: _____



CATHOLIC DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD OF EASTERN ONTARIO

PARENTAL CONSENT FOR RELEASE OF INFORMATION

Date: _____
Name of Student: _____ Date of Birth: _____
School: _____ Grade: _____

I hereby authorize

Name/Agency: _____

Address: _____

to release information to to obtain information from

Name: _____

Address: _____

Information to be release and/or obtained:

Signature of Parent or Guardian

Date

Signature of Witness

Date

I DO NOT GIVE MY CONSENT for release of information at this time.

Parent/Guardian Signature: _____ Date: _____



Consent to Obtain and/or Release Information

With regard to:

Student Name: _____	D.O.B. (mm/dd/yy): ____/____/____
School: _____	Student ID: _____

I, _____, give my consent for the following person/agency:

Name of Person/Agency: _____
 Street Address: _____
 City/Prov./Postal Code: _____
 Phone Number: _____

G to obtain (specify information) _____ **from:**

Name of Person/Agency: _____
 Street Address: _____
 City/Prov./Postal Code: _____
 Phone Number: _____

G to release (specify information) _____ **to:**

Name of Person/Agency: _____
 Street Address: _____
 City/Prov./Postal Code: _____
 Phone Number: _____

I understand:

- (a) the period of consent will terminate one year from the date it was granted as indicated below;
- (b) the nature and purpose for which this information is being obtained/released/exchanged;
- (c) this information will be used for the planning and provision of educational services;
- (d) that I may revoke my consent at any time;
- (e) this information will be treated confidentiality;
- (f) that a copy of all information will be made for the confidential files at the UCDSB regional office.
- (g) this information will be placed in the OSR. My initials here _____ indicate that consent for this is NOT given.**

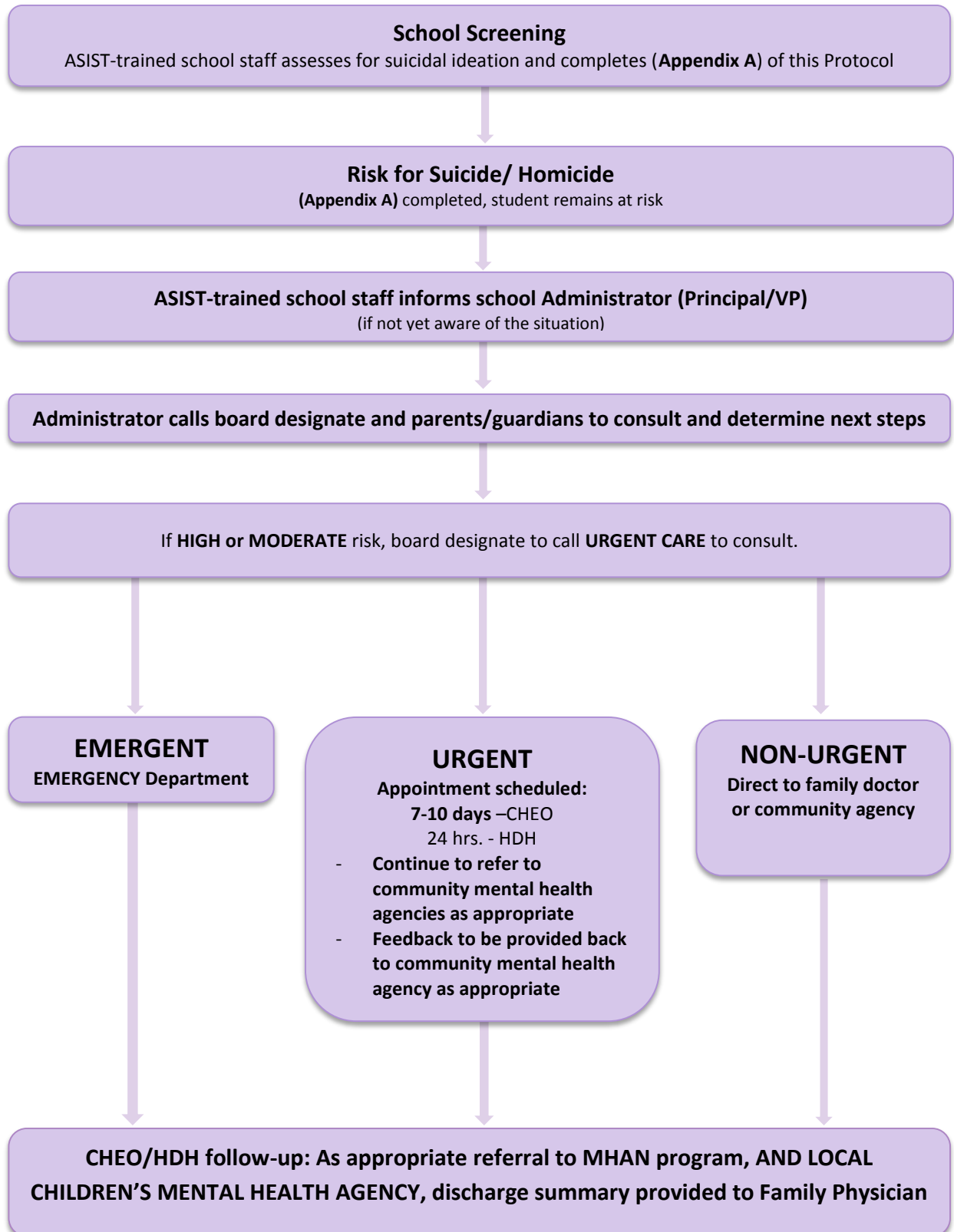
Signature: _____ Relationship to Student: _____

Phone #: _____ Date: _____

Witness Signature: _____ Witness Phone #: _____

APPENDIX D: HOSPITAL URGENT CARE & HIGH RISK STUDENT REFERRALS

DRAFT: MARCH 2015



Referral to CHEO Acute Mental Health Services for Mental Health Assessment*

Date:	Form completed by:
Child/Youth Name:	D.O.B.
Address:	Youth aware of consult?
School:	Board:
IEP: yes no	Grade:
Specialized Program (please specify)	

Please list any professionals currently involved in the child/youth's care:

Please list any medications taken by the child/youth:

Reason for referral to Department:

<input type="checkbox"/> sudden/recent onset of psychotic symptoms	<input type="checkbox"/> current/recent suicide attempt/gesture
<input type="checkbox"/> specific homicide plan (time/date/means)	<input type="checkbox"/> previous history of suicide attempts
<input type="checkbox"/> specific suicide plan (time/date/means)	<input type="checkbox"/> current suicidal/homicidal ideation without specific plan
<input type="checkbox"/> inability to care for self	<input type="checkbox"/> acute change in mental status particular as a result of a psychosis
<input type="checkbox"/> inability to plan for safety	<input type="checkbox"/> acute mental health services
Details	

School Board protocol followed <input type="checkbox"/>	Name of person consulted:
Parents aware and informed of referral to CHEO <input type="checkbox"/>	Person accompanying child/youth to hospital:
Contact Person:	Phone: Fax:
Consent received <input type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/> yes (please attach)	

Fax Form to Centralized Mental Health Intake or Emergency (as appropriate)

To be filled by CHEO Provider

Decision related in consultation with <input type="checkbox"/> emerg <input type="checkbox"/> Urgent care	
Outcome recommendations:	

ONLY Board Designate(s) to initiate Urgent Care and provide completed forms

**This Form may be revised, updated or amended by CHEO, from time to time as part of its general internal protocol review*



HEADS-ED

	0 No action needed	1 Needs action but not immediate	2 Needs immediate action
Home <i>Example: How does your family get along with each other?</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Supportive 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Conflicts 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Chaotic / dysfunctional
Education <i>Example: How is your school attendance? How are your grades?</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ On track 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Grades dropping / absenteeism 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Failing / not attending school
Activities <i>Example: What are your relationships like with your friends?</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ No change 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Reduced / peer conflicts 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Fully withdrawn / significant peer conflicts
Drugs & alcohol <i>Example: How often are you using drugs or alcohol?</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ None or infrequent 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Occasional 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Frequent / daily
Suicidality <i>Example: Do you have any thoughts of wanting to kill yourself?</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ No thoughts 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Ideation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Plan or gesture
Emotions, behaviours, thought disturbance <i>Example: How have you been feeling lately?</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Mildly anxious / sad / acting out 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Moderately anxious / sad / acting out 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Significantly distressed / unable to function / out of control / bizarre thoughts
Discharge resources <i>Example: Do you have any help or are you waiting to receive help (counselling etc)?</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Ongoing / well connected 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Some / not meeting needs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ None / on waitlist / non-compliant

Notes:

APPENDIX E: ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The Roles and Responsibilities have been divided into three sub-sections for each community partner; PREVENTION, RISK REVIEW/INTERVENTION and POSTVENTION.

STUDENT

PREVENTION	RISK REVIEW/ INTERVENTION	POSTVENTION
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Participate in Suicide Awareness/Prevention presentations Advise school team/agency staff of any concerns and available supports 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provide information for the completion of the Student Suicide Safety Review Form Participate in treatment where appropriate 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Participate in strategies outlined in intervention/management plan

PARENT/ GUARDIAN

PREVENTION	RISK REVIEW/ INTERVENTION	POSTVENTION
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Advise school team/agency staff of any concerns and available supports 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provide information for the completion of the Student Suicide Safety Review Form Participate in meetings and in developing any recommended intervention/management plans 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Follow up on recommended interventions/management plans

ASIST TRAINED SCHOOL LEAD

PREVENTION	RISK REVIEW/ INTERVENTION	POSTVENTION
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To promote suicide safer communities To assist, where appropriate, community partners in the delivery of suicide prevention presentations to selected grades 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Conduct ASIST Student Suicide Safety Review and develop immediate SAFEPLAN Inform Administrator Contact Board trained personnel Complete Student Suicide Safety Review Form Participate in multidisciplinary team meetings as required 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Participate as required in the intervention/management plans developed by the team

SCHOOL ADMINISTRATOR / DESIGNATE

PREVENTION	RISK REVIEW/ INTERVENTION	POSTVENTION
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To include community partners in the delivery of suicide prevention presentations to appropriate grades To identify and maintain a list of staff members trained in ASIST – Applied Suicide Intervention Skills Training 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Designated school team leader Advise school and safe schools superintendent of education Ensure Board trained personnel has been consulted Ensure Student Suicide Safety Review Form is completed Coordinate the school SPIRR team and contact appropriate community partners after a student has been determined to have suicidal thoughts Contact and meet with parent or guardian 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Follow up and coordinate intervention/management plans developed by the team, and forward the school SPIRR team documentation and intervention/management plan to the school and safe schools superintendent Store the intervention/management plan securely in Administrator’s file

SERT/SSC/ MENTAL HEALTH LEAD STAFF

PREVENTION	RISK REVIEW/ INTERVENTION	POSTVENTION
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Trained staff members in suicide prevention programs to deliver identified suicide prevention program 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assist in data gathering as assigned by the Administrator Assist the Administrator and ASIST trained personnel in completing the Student Suicide Safety Review Form Assist in developing plans/interventions, facilitating access to programs or resources, help families obtain needed assistance 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assist in the implementation of the plan as required

DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD STAFF

PREVENTION	RISK REVIEW/ INTERVENTION	POSTVENTION
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Train school/school board staff in prevention, assessment and intervention programs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> As designate, participate in suicide intervention team Consult with the Administrator, school team, and superintendents involved Contact community partners to facilitate consultations, and conduct interviews as required Assist in the completion of the Student Suicide Safety Review 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Follow up on recommended interventions/management plans Attend meetings as required

COMMUNITY PARTNER

PREVENTION	RISK REVIEW/ INTERVENTION	POSTVENTION
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Follow internal procedures in support of the Suicide Intervention Protocol • Determine the lead or designate staff for each agency • Deliver Suicide Prevention Programs to identified grades (where appropriate) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Respond where appropriate to suicide threats • A trained staff member to consult and participate where appropriate on community suicide intervention team • Participate in completion of the Student Suicide Safety Review Form • Participate in a review of school suicide assessment team findings • Participate in developing any recommended intervention/management plans 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Follow up on recommended interventions/management plans

POLICE SERVICES

PREVENTION	RISK REVIEW/ INTERVENTION	POSTVENTION
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Participate in Suicide Prevention Programs (where possible) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When it is determined a student will be transported to a hospital, support may be provided • When required and available an officer trained in ASIST will be involved in school suicide assessment teams • Activate VTRA protocol if evidence of fluidity and threats of violence are made. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Where recommendations from hospital involve police services, police will endeavor to implement recommendations. (e.g. removal/disposal of firearms)

MENTAL HEALTH ADDICTION NURSE

PREVENTION	RISK REVIEW/ INTERVENTION	POSTVENTION
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Offer education to school and community regarding suicide risks • Aid with transitioning student back to school • Share admission info with school/board team (consent required) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Participate in suicide intervention team where consent and procedure allow • Complete assessment as warranted • Develop SAFEPLAN with students at risk of suicide who are referred to MHAN program and provide a copy to Administrator and Board Designate with consent • Consult with school and Board team • Refer to community partners • Assist in the completion of the Student Suicide Safety Review Form questions • Act as a liaison between medical professionals and school board 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Follow-up on recommended interventions/management plans • Make community referrals and follow up as necessary



APPENDIX F: REGIONAL COMMUNITY RESOURCES

SUICIDE CRISIS NUMBERS, MENTAL HEALTH COMMUNITY RESOURCES AND HOSPITALS

LANARK COUNTY	
SUICIDE CRISIS NUMBERS	
DISTRESS CENTRE (16 years +) Service available from 5 pm – 12 am	1-800-465-4442
CHILD, YOUTH & FAMILY CRISIS LINE (Telephone counselling support only)	1-877-377-7775
MENTAL HEALTH HELPLINE (Agency information and referrals to mental health agencies in Ontario)	1-866-531-2600
KIDS HELPLINE	1-800-668-6868
POLICE EMERGENCY	
ONTARIO PROVINCIAL POLICE	1-888-310-1122
SMITHS FALLS POLICE SERVICE	613-283-0357
MENTAL HEALTH COMMUNITY RESOURCES	
OPEN DOORS FOR LANARK CHILDREN AND YOUTH	1-877-232-8260
LANARK COUNTY MENTAL HEALTH (18 years +) – Smiths Falls	613-283-2170
LANARK COUNTY MENTAL HEALTH (18 years +) – Carleton Place	613-257-5919
TRI-COUNTY ADDICTION SERVICES	1-800-361-6948
HOSPITALS	
ALMONTE GENERAL HOSPITAL	613-256-2500
CARLETON PLACE & DISTRICT MEMORIAL HOSPITAL	613-257-3533
PERTH & SMITHS FALLS DISTRICT HOSPITAL	613-267-1500
HOTEL DIEU HOSPITAL	613-544-3310
CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL OF EASTERN ONTARIO	613-737-7600
THE ROYAL	613-722-6521

LEEDS & GRENVILLE COUNTIES	
SUICIDE CRISIS NUMBERS	
MENTAL HEALTH CRISIS LINE (16+)	1-866-281-2911
DISTRESS CENTRE (16 +) Service available from 5 pm – 12 am	1-800-465-4442
MENTAL HEALTH HELPLINE (Agency information and referrals to mental health agencies in Ontario)	1-866-531-2600
KIDS HELPLINE	1-800-668-6868
POLICE EMERGENCY	
ONTARIO PROVINCIAL POLICE	1-888-310-1122
BROCKVILLE POLICE SERVICE	613-342-0127
GANANOQUE POLICE SERVICE	613-382-4422
MENTAL HEALTH COMMUNITY RESOURCES	
CHILDREN'S MENTAL HEALTH OF LEEDS AND GRENVILLE	1-800-809-2494
LEEDS – GRENVILLE MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES (16 years +)	1-866-499-8445
CANADIAN MENTAL HEALTH ASSOCIATION OF LEEDS AND GRENVILLE (16 years +)	613-345-0950
TRI-COUNTY ADDICTION SERVICES	1-800-361-6948
DEVELOPMENTAL SERVICES OF LEEDS AND GRENVILLE	1-866-544-5614
HOSPITALS	
BROCKVILLE GENERAL HOSPITAL	613-345-5645
KEMPVILLE DISTRICT HOSPITAL	613-258-6133
HOTEL DIEU HOSPITAL	613-544-3310
CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL OF EASTERN ONTARIO	613-737-7600
THE ROYAL	613-722-6521

PRESCOTT-RUSSELL COUNTIES	
SUICIDE CRISIS NUMBERS	
CHILD, YOUTH & FAMILY CRISIS LINE	1-877-377-7775
MENTAL HEALTH CRISIS LINE (16 years +)	1-866-996-0991
MENTAL HEALTH HELPLINE (Agency information and referrals to mental health agencies in Ontario)	1-866-531-2600
KIDS HELPLINE	1-800-668-6868
POLICE EMERGENCY	
ONTARIO PROVINCIAL POLICE	1-888-310-1122
MENTAL HEALTH COMMUNITY RESOURCES	
VALORIS FOR CHILDREN AND ADULTS OF PRESCOTT-RUSSELL	1-800-675-6168
PRESCOTT-RUSSELL COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALTH CENTRE (16 years +)	1-800-267-1453
ROYAL COMTOIS CENTRE (16 years +)	1-877-616-0139
CANADIAN MENTAL HEALTH ASSOCIATION (16 years +)	613-686-4379
PRESCOTT-RUSSELL ADDICTION SERVICES	1-855-624-1415
HOSPITALS	
HAWKESBURY & DISTRICT GENERAL HOSPITAL	613-632-1111
CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL OF EASTERN ONTARIO	613-737-7600
THE ROYAL	613-722-6521

STORMONT, DUNDAS AND GLENGARRY COUNTIES	
SUICIDE CRISIS NUMBERS	
CHILD, YOUTH & FAMILY CRISIS LINE	1-877-377-7775
MENTAL HEALTH CRISIS LINE (16 years +)	1-866-996-0991
KIDS HELPLINE	1-800-668-6868
MENTAL HEALTH HELPLINE (Agency information and referrals to mental health agencies in Ontario)	1-866-531-2600
POLICE EMERGENCY	
ONTARIO PROVINCIAL POLICE	1-888-310-1122
CORNWALL COMMUNITY POLICE SERVICE	613-933-5000
MENTAL HEALTH COMMUNITY RESOURCES	
CHILD AND YOUTH COUNSELLING SERVICES	613-932-1558
SINGLE POINT ACCESS	613-938-9909
YOUTH TRANSITION IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM (16 years +)	613-936-9236
CHILDREN'S TREATMENT CENTRE	613-933-4400
TRI-COUNTY MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES (16 years +)	613-932-9940
COUNSELLING AND SUPPORT SERVICES OF S. D. & G.	613-932-4610
CANADIAN MENTAL HEALTH ASSOCIATION (16 years +)	613-933-5845
ADDICTION SERVICES – CORNWALL COMMUNITY HOSPITAL	1-800-272-1937
S. D. & G. DEVELOPMENTAL SERVICES CENTRE	613-937-3072
HOSPITALS	
CORNWALL COMMUNITY HOSPITAL	613-938-4240
GLENGARRY MEMORIAL HOSPITAL	613-525-2222
WINCHESTER MEMORIAL DISTRICT HOSPITAL	613-774-2420
CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL OF EASTERN ONTARIO	613-737-7600
THE ROYAL	613-722-6521

LINKS & RESOURCES

The following organizations provide information and resources to promote mental health and prevent suicide:

- **Honouring Life** - The National Aboriginal Health Organization offers culturally relevant information and resources on suicide prevention for Aboriginal youth www.honouringlife.ca
- **Ementalhealth.ca** – developed and maintained by psychiatrists at CHEO
- **Kids Help Phone** offers on-line information and counselling for children and youth 1-800-668-6868 www.kidshelpphone.ca
- **Mental Health Central** is an information exchange and public forum for individuals, organizations and professionals looking for or offering mental health services or products www.mentalhealthcentral.ca
- **Mental Health First Aid** is a two day certified program of the Mental Health Commission of Canada www.mentalhealthfirstaid.ca
- **Mind your Mind** is a website for youth created by youth offering information, resources and the tools to help manage stress, crisis and mental health problems www.mindyourmind.ca
- **Mobilizing Minds: Pathways to Young Adult Mental Health** is a mental health project led by young adults, community organizations, researchers and health professionals www.mobilizingminds.ca
- **River of Life program** provides on-line training about Aboriginal youth suicide www.riveroflifeprogram.ca
- **Teen Mental Health** provides information about adolescent mental health to advance the understanding of mental illness and to improve the lives of young people with mental disorders. www.teenmentalhealth.org
- **Yoomagazine** from IWK Health Centre is an interactive health magazine for schools, youth and parents www.yoomagazine.net
- **Your Life Counts** is a website for youth to share thoughts and get help with their problems www.yourlifecounts.org
- **Reachoutnow.ca** offers on line information on suicide prevention and local resources for the Champlain East area www.reachoutnow.ca

THE FOLLOWING ORGANIZATIONS PROVIDE INFORMATION ON SUICIDE AND SUICIDE PREVENTION:

- **Canadian Association for Suicide Prevention** works towards reducing suicide and its impact in Canada, through advocacy, support and education <http://www.suicideprevention.ca/>
- **Centre for Suicide Prevention** <http://www.suicideinfo.ca/>
- **Ontario Association for Suicide Prevention** <http://www.ospn.ca/>
- **American Association for Suicidality** works to understand and prevent suicide through research, training, and promotion www.suicidology.org
- **Canadian Mental Health Association** www.cmha.ca
- **Living Works** offers training in Applied Suicide Intervention Skills Training, as well as other suicide awareness and prevention training programs www.livingworks.net
- **Mental Health Commission of Canada** <http://www.mentalhealthcommission.ca/English/Pages/default.aspx>
- **Reasons to Go on Living Project** <http://www.thereasons.ca>
- **Suicide Prevention Resource Centre** provides prevention support, training, and resources to assist organizations and individuals to develop suicide prevention programs, interventions and policies. www.sprc.org
- **Working Minds** provides tools and networks to organizations to help them with suicide prevention, intervention and postvention www.workingminds.org

APPENDIX G: GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Bereavement:

Global term encompassing both the feelings of grief and the process of mourning in reaction to a death.

Community Referral:

To obtain additional services provided by hospitals, mental health agencies, organizations, consultants, and/or mental health professionals in the local area.

Continuum:

A whole characterized as a collection, sequence, or progression of elements varying by degrees.

Copycat Behaviour or “Contagion”:

A process by which exposure to suicidal behaviour of other person(s), influences another to attempt or complete suicide. This behaviour may imitate or mimic another suicide by method, timing (such as on an anniversary of another suicide), or in other ways. Numerous studies have shown an increase in suicides, particularly among youth, following prominent or repetitive media coverage of a suicide that gives specific details of the suicide, such as giving a detailed description of the methods used.

Crisis Intervention:

Response to an individual who is at moderate or high risk for suicide. The intervention includes the response and medical or psychiatric emergency services for the individual.

Crisis Team:

A group of individuals trained and assembled for the purpose of responding to the needs of others during and after a crisis event/situation.

Debriefing:

A facilitated session to provide staff intervening in a crisis with an opportunity to discuss and process crisis related events. The purpose of debriefing is to provide support, recognition, and information.

Evidence Based/Informed:

An intervention that has been based on scientific literature and/or studies.

Gatekeeper:

This is the term used to define the role of individuals who are routinely in direct contact with a specific target audience who are trained to know basic suicide prevention steps. Gatekeepers are trained to recognize and respond appropriately to warning signs of suicidal behaviour and to assist at-risk individuals in getting the help they need.

Invitations:

A person with thoughts of suicide usually gives what are referred to as invitations, or more commonly known as signs/indicators/risk alerts. A person is inviting help either through stating their intent directly or indirectly or through their behaviours and actions that they are having thoughts of suicide.

Mandatory Reporting/Duty to Report:

People who work with children and families are required by law to make reports of suspected child abuse and neglect to the Children Aid Society of that jurisdiction

Non-Suicidal Self-Injury (NSSI):

The deliberate and direct alteration or self-destruction of healthy body tissue without suicidal intent (e.g. cutting, drugs, alcohol).

Postvention:

A sequence of planned support and interventions carried out with survivors in the aftermath of a suicide.

Prevention:

A coordinated and comprehensive set of specific interventions strategically linked to target populations at risk for the development of specific disorders and dysfunction.

Protective Factors:

Personal or environmental characteristics that reduce the probability of suicide. Protective factors can buffer the effects of risk factors. The capacity to resist the effects of risk factors is known as resilience.

Re-entry:

The process of returning to the school environment following an extended period of absence is re-entry.

Risk Alert:

Changes in actions, thoughts, feeling and personal appearance that may lead one to believe that a person may be contemplating suicide.

Risk Factors:

Personal or environmental characteristics about the factors that are associated with suicide risk. People affected by one or more of these risk factors have a greater probability of suicidal behaviour. There are six risk factors outlined in ASIST: suicidal thoughts, current suicide plan, pain, resources, prior suicidal behaviour and mental health.

Risk Review:

The process about finding out information about each of the six risk factors to determine if the information creates a risk alert.

Safe Plan:

A detailed and specific plan/contract that outlines what the person at risk will do if he/she is having suicidal thoughts (e.g. safety contract, resources, safety contact, what to do to prevent).

Stigma:

Stigma is commonly defined as the use of stereotypes and labels when defining someone. Stigmatization of people with mental disorders is manifested by bias, distrust, stereotyping, fear, embarrassment, anger, and/or avoidance. Stigma leads the (public) to avoid people with mental disorders. It reduces access to resources and leads to low self-esteem, isolation, and hopelessness.

Suicide:

Suicide is defined as death from injury, poisoning, or suffocation where there is evidence (either explicit or implicit) the injury was self-inflicted and the decedent intended to kill himself/herself. (Note: The term “completed suicide” can be used interchangeably with the term “suicide”.) Never use the term “successful” suicide. Suicide completion is not a success.

Suicide Attempt:

A non-fatal self-directed potentially injurious behaviour with any intent to die as a result of the behavior. A suicide attempt may or may not result in injury.

Suicidal Behaviour:

Threats of self-injury, gestures, attempts, and completions are all suicidal behaviours.

Suicide Clusters:

A series of consecutive suicides in the same geographic area, among a demographically similar group of individuals is termed a suicide cluster.

Suicidal Ideation:

Thoughts about completing suicide are clinically referred to as “suicidal ideation.”

Suicide Pact:

An agreement to complete suicide by two or more individuals.

Suicide Threat:

A verbal statement indicating that suicide is being considered.

Suicide Survivor:

An individual experiencing the traumatic effects of losing a loved one to suicide.

Warning Signs:

Indications that someone may be in danger of suicide, either immediately or in the near future.



APPENDIX H: RESILIENCE AND PROTECTIVE FACTORS

WHAT IS RESILIENCE?

Most commonly, the term resilience has come to mean an individual's ability to overcome adversity and continue his or her normal development. However, the RRC (Resilience Research Centre) uses a more ecological and culturally sensitive definition. Dr Michael Ungar, Principal Investigator with the RRC, has suggested that resilience is better understood as follows:

“In the context of exposure to significant adversity, resilience is both the capacity of individuals to navigate their way to the psychological, social, cultural, and physical resources that sustain their well-being, and their capacity individually and collectively to negotiate for these resources to be provided in culturally meaningful ways.”

This definition shifts our understanding of resilience from an individual concept, popular with western-trained researchers and human services providers, to a more culturally embedded understanding of well-being. Understood this way, resilience is a social construct that identifies both processes and outcomes associated with what people themselves term well-being. It makes explicit that resilience is more likely to occur when we provide the services, supports and health resources that make it more likely for every child to do well in ways that are meaningful to his or her family and community.

A MULTIDIMENSIONAL MODEL OF RESILIENCE

There are many factors associated with resilience. Some of the more common aspects of successful navigation and negotiation for well-being under stress include the following:

- assertiveness
- ability to solve problems
- self-efficacy
- ability to live with uncertainty
- self-awareness
- a positive outlook
- empathy for others
- having goals and aspirations
- ability to maintain a balance between independence and dependence on others
- appropriate use of or abstinence from substances like alcohol and drugs
- a sense of humour
- a sense of duty (to others or self, depending on the culture)

Relationships Factors

- parenting that meets the child's needs
- appropriate emotional expression and parental monitoring within the family
- social competence
- the presence of a positive mentor and role models
- meaningful relationships with others at school, home, and perceived social support
- peer group acceptance

Community Factors

- opportunities for age-appropriate work
- avoidance of exposure to violence in one's family, community, and with peers
- government provision for children's safety, recreation, housing, and jobs when they are at the appropriate age to work
- meaningful rites of passage with an appropriate amount of risk
- tolerance of high-risk and problem behavior
- safety and security
- perceived social equity
- access to school and education, information, and learning resources

Cultural Factors

- affiliation with a religious organization
- tolerance for different ideologies and beliefs
- adequate management of cultural dislocation and a change or shift in values
- self-betterment
- having a life philosophy
- cultural and/or spiritual identification
- being culturally grounded by knowing where you come from and being part of a cultural tradition that is expressed through daily activities

Physical Ecology Factors

- access to a healthy environment
- security in one's community
- access to recreational spaces
- sustainable resources
- ecological diversity (<http://www.resilliance.org> publications)

Source: Resilience Research Centre, School of Social Work, Dalhousie University www.resilienceproject.org/



APPENDIX I: REGIONAL SCHOOLS LIST BY BOARD

CATHOLIC DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD OF EASTERN ONTARIO

LANARK

Holy Name of Mary Catholic School

110 Paterson St.
Almonte, ON
K0A 1A0
Tel# 613-256-2532
Fax# 613-256-0899

Notre Dame Catholic High School

157 McKenzie Street
Carleton Place, ON
K7C 4P2
Tel# 613-253-4700
Fax# 613-253-5544

Sacred Heart Of Jesus Catholic School

134 North Street
Lanark, ON
K0G 1K0
Tel# 613-259-2113
Fax# 613-259-5343

St. Francis de Sales Catholic School

43 Russell Street East
Smiths Falls, ON
K7A 1G2
Tel# 613-283-6101
Fax# 613-283-4976

St. Gregory Catholic School

176 Townline Road West
Carleton Place, ON
K7C 3P7
Tel# 613-257-8468
Fax# 613-257-1336

St. James the Greater Catholic School

5 Catherine Street
Smiths Falls, ON
K7A 3Z9
Tel# 613-283-1848
Fax# 613-283-6976

St. John Catholic Elementary

34 Wilson Street East
Perth, ON
K7H 1L6
Tel# 613-267-2865
Fax# 613-267-6631

St. John Catholic High School

2066 Scotch Line Road
Perth, ON
K7H 3C5
Tel# 613-267-4724
Fax# 613-267-1890

St. Luke Catholic High School

4 Ross Street
Smiths Falls, ON
K7A 4L5
Tel# 613-283-4477
Fax# 613-283-7622

St. Mary Catholic School

4 Hawthorne Avenue
Carleton Place, ON
K7C 3A9
Tel# 613-257-1538
Fax# 613-257-1960

LEEDS & GRENVILLE

Holy Cross Catholic School

P.O. Box 250,
521 Clothier St. W.
Kemptville, ON
K0G 1J0
Tel# 613-258-7457
Fax# 613-258-9867

JL Jordan Catholic School

294 First Ave
Brockville, ON
K6V 3B7
Tel# 613-342-7711
Fax# 613-342-6474

St Edward Catholic School

Box 309,
51 Bedford
Westport, ON
K0G 1X0
Tel# 613-273 273-2926
Fax# 613-273-2636

St. Francis Xavier Catholic School

74 Church Street
Brockville, ON
K6V 3X6
Tel# 613-342-0510
Fax# 613-342-7313

St. John Bosco Catholic School

12 Durham Street
Brockville, ON
K6V 7A4
Tel# 613-498-0656
Fax# 613-498-2610

St. Joseph Catholic School

235 Georgiana Street
Gananoque, ON
K7G 1M9
Tel# 613-382-2361
Fax# 613-382-2924

St. Joseph Catholic School

80 County Road #1,
Main St.
Toledo, ON
K0E 1Y0
Tel# 613-275-2353
Fax# 613-275-1542

St. Mark Catholic School

Box 1720,
420 McAuley Rd.
Prescott, ON
K0E 1T0
Tel# 613-925-4342
Fax# 613-925-0512

LEEDS & GRENVILLE

St. Mary Catholic High School

40 Central Avenue
Brockville, ON
K6V 4N5
Tel# 613-342-4911
Fax# 613-342-2971

St. Michael Catholic High School

2755 Highway 43
Kemptville, ON
K0G 1J0
Tel# 613-258-7232
Fax# 613-258-3527

PRESCOTT-RUSSELL

Mother Teresa Catholic School

1035 Concession Street
Russell, ON
K4R 1C7
Tel# 613-445-3788
1-888-263-2715
Fax# 613-445-3789

Pope John Paul II Catholic School

3818 Legault Road
Hammond, ON
K0A 2A0
Tel# 613-487-3075
1-888-921-2252
Fax# 613-487-3083

St. Francis Xavier Catholic School

Box 159,
1235 Russell Road
Hammond, ON
K0A 2A0
Tel# 613-487-2913
1-888-416-2373
Fax# 613-487-3856

St. Patrick Catholic School

1001 Heritage Drive
Rockland, ON
K4K 1R2
Tel# 613-446-7215
1-888-240-8602
Fax# 613-446-1145

St. Jude Catholic School

5355 Highway 34
Vankleek Hill, ON
K0B 1R0
Tel# 613-678-5455
Fax# 613-678-5452

St. Thomas Aquinas Catholic School

1211 South Russell Road,
RR#2
Russell, ON
K4R 1E5
Tel# 613-445-0810
1-877-559-7729
Fax# 613-445-1520

STORMONT, DUNDAS & GLENGARRY

Bishop Macdonell Catholic School

300 Adolphus Street
Cornwall, ON
K6H 3S6
Tel# 613-933-6739
Fax# 613-933-1310

Holy Trinity Catholic Secondary School

18044 Tyotown Road,
RR#1
Cornwall, ON
K6H 5R5
Tel# 613-936-0319
Fax# 613-936-0663

Immaculate Conception Catholic School

600 McConnell Ave.
Cornwall, ON
K6H 4M1
Tel# 613-932-3455
Fax# 613-932-5573

Iona Academy

20019 King's Road
RR#2
Williamstown, ON
K0C 2J0
Tel# 613-347-3518
Fax# 613-347-1510

Sacred Heart Catholic School

1424 Aubin Avenue
Cornwall, ON
K6J 4S2
Tel# 613-933-3337
Fax# 613-933-0623

Our Lady of Good Counsel

Box 428,
52 Dickinson Drive
Ingleside, ON
K0C 1M0
Tel# 613-537-2556
Fax# 613-537-8540

St. Andrew's Catholic School

17283 County Road 18
St. Andrews West, ON
K0C 2A0
Tel# 613-932-6592
Fax# 613-932-2763

St. Anne's Catholic School

607 Surgenor Street
Cornwall, ON
K6J 2H5
Tel# 613-933-4615
Fax# 613-933-7982

STORMONT, DUNDAS & GLENGARRY

St. Columban's Catholic School

323 Augustus Street
Cornwall, ON
K6J 3W4
Tel# 613-933-3113
Fax# 613-933-9531

St. Finnan's Catholic School

220 Main Street
Alexandria, ON
K0C 1A0
Tel# 613-525-4274
Fax# 613-525-4276

St. George's Catholic School

Box 310,
31 Bethune Street
Long Sault, ON
K0C 1P0
Tel# 613-534-2502
Fax# 613-534-2484

St Joseph's Catholic High School

1500A Cumberland St
Cornwall, ON
K6J 5V9
Tel# 613- 932-0349
Fax# 613-936-0419

St. Mary Catholic School

Box 429, 37 Main St.
Chesterville, ON
K0C 1H0
Tel# 613-448-2158
Fax# 613-448-2740

St. Mary-St. Cecilia Catholic School

40 Augusta Street
Morrisburg, ON
K0C 1X0
Tel# 613-543-2907
Fax# 613-543-4048

St. Matthew Catholic Secondary School

822 Marlborough St.
Cornwall, ON
K6H 4B4
Tel# 613-930-9928
Tel# 713-932-2887

St. Peter Catholic School

1811 Second Street East
Cornwall, ON
K6H 6P1
Tel# 613-933-1007
Fax# 613-933-5584



UPPER CANADA DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD

LANARK

Almonte and District High School

126 Martin St. North, Box
880
Almonte, ON
K1A 1A0
Tel# 613-256-1470
Fax# 1-855-340-9073

Arklan Community Public School

123 Patterson Cres.,
Carleton Place, ON
K7C 4R2
Tel# 613-257-8113
Fax# 1-855-340-9074

Beckwith Public School

1523 9th Line of Beckwith,
RR#2
Carleton Place, ON
K7C 3P2
Tel# 613-253-0427
Fax# 1-855-340-9076

Caldwell Street Public School

70 Caldwell Street,
Carleton Place, ON
K7C 3A5
Tel# 613-257-1270
Fax# 1-855-340-9079

Carleton Place High School

215 Lake Avenue West
Carleton Place, ON
K7C 1M3
Tel# 613-257-2720
Fax# 1-855-340-9082

Chimo Elementary School

11 Ross Street
Smiths Falls, ON
K7A 4V7
Tel# 613-283-1761
Fax# 1-855-358-3359

Drummond Central School

1469 Drummond School Rd.
RR#6,
Perth, ON
K7H 3C8
Tel# 613-267-4789
Fax# 1-855-358-3362

Duncan J. Schouler P. S.

41 McGill Street,
Smiths Falls, ON
K7A 3M9
Tel# 613-283-1367
Fax# 1-855-358-3363

Glen Tay Public School

155 Harper Road, RR#4
Perth, ON
K7H 3C6
Tel# 613-267-1909
Fax# 1-855-376-4216

Maple Grove Elementary School

Box 90
151 George Street,
Lanark, ON
K0G 1K0
Tel# 613-259-2777
Fax# 1-855-384-1915

Montague Public School

1200 Rosedale Road South,
R.R. #5
Smiths Falls, ON
K7A 4S6
Tel# 613-283-6426
Fax# 1-855-384-1920

Naismith Memorial P. S.

Box 280
260 King Street,
Almonte, ON
K0A 1A0
Tel# 613-256-3773
Fax# 1-855-408-0857

North Elmsley Elem. School

209 County Road 18,
R.R. #5,
Perth, ON
K7H 3C7
Tel# 613-267-1371
Fax# 1-855-408-0860

Pakenham Public School

Box 130
109 Jeanie Street,
Pakenham, ON
K0A 2X0
Tel# 613-624-5438
Fax# 1-855-408-0864

Perth & District Collegiate Institute

13 Victoria Street
Perth, ON
K7H 2H3
Tel# 613-267-3051
Fax# 1-855-408-0865

Queen Elizabeth Elem. School

80 Wilson Street East
Perth, ON
K7H 1M4
Tel# 613-267-2702
Fax# 1-855-428-1499

R. Tait McKenzie Public School

175 Paterson Street
Almonte, ON
K0A 1A0
Tel# 613-256-8248
Fax# 1-855-428-1500

The Stewart School

7 Sunset Blvd.,
Perth, ON
K7H 0A1
Tel# 613-267-2940
Fax# 1-855-496-0970

Smiths Falls D.C.I.

299 Percy Street
Smiths Falls, ON
K7A 5M2
Tel# 613-283-0288
Fax# 1-855-484-6076

LEEDS & GRENVILLE

Athens District High School

Box 279
21 Church Street
Athens, ON
K0E 1B0
Tel# 613-924-2618
Fax# 1-855-340-9075

Benson Public School

Box 340
4005 James St
Cardinal, ON
K0E 1E0
Tel# 613-657-3095
Fax# 1-855-340-9077

Brockville Collegiate Institute

90 Pearl Street East
Brockville, ON
K6V 1P8
Tel# 613-345-5641
Fax# 1-855-340-9078

Centennial '67 Public School

Box 100
7 Henderson Street
Spencerville, ON
K0E 1X0
Tel# 613-658-3114
Fax# 1-855-358-3355

Commonwealth Public School

166 Pearl Street
Brockville, ON
K6V 1R4
Tel# 613-345-5031
Fax# 1-855-358-3360

Front Of Yonge Elem. School

1504 County Road 2,
Mallorytown, ON
K0E 1R0
Tel# 613-923-5284
Fax# 1-855-376-4213

Gananoque Secondary School

175 William Street South,
Box 640
Gananoque, ON
K7G 1S8
Tel# 613-382-4741
Fax# 1-855-376-4214

Kemptville Public School

Box 70
215 Reuben Cres.
Kemptville, ON
K0G 1J0
Tel# 613-258-2206
Fax# 1-855-376-4219

Linklater Public School

300 Stone Street
Gananoque, ON
K7G 1Y8
Tel# 613-382-3689
Fax# 1-855-384-1911

Lombardy Public School

596 Highway 15
R.R. #1
Lombardy, ON
K0G 1L0
Tel# 613-283-0860
Fax# 1-855-384-1912

Lyn Public School

Box 184
38 Main Street East
Lyn, ON
K0E 1M0
Tel# 613-345-1242
Fax# 1-855-384-1914

Maynard Public School

21 Stewart Drive
R.R. #2
Prescott, ON
K0E 1T0
Tel# 613-925-4291
Fax# 1-855-384-1917

Meadowview Public School

9234 Addison-Greenbush
Road, R.R.#2
Addison, ON
K0E 1A0
Tel# 613-924-2880
Fax# 1-855-384-1918

Merrickville Public School

Box 520
306 Drummond Street East,
Merrickville, ON
K0G 1N0
Tel# 613-269-4951
Fax# 1-855-384-1919

North Grenville D.H.S.

2605 Concession Road
Kemptville, ON
K0G 1J0
Tel# 613-258-3481
Fax# 1-855-408-0861

Oxford-On-Rideau Public School

Box 217
50 Water Street
Oxford Mills, ON
K0G 1J0
Tel# 613-258-3141
Fax# 1-855-408-0863

Pineview Public School

Box 220
8 George Street
Athens, ON
K0E 1B0
Tel# 613-924-2055
Fax# 1-855-408-0866

Prince Of Wales Public School

210 Pearl Street West
Brockville, ON
K6V 4C8
Tel# 613-342-3718
Fax# 1-855-428-1498

Rideau Centennial ES

2761 Highway 15
Portland, ON
K0G 1V0
Tel# 613-272-2209
Fax# 1-855-428-1501

Rideau District High School

251 Main Street
Elgin, ON
K0G 1E0
Tel# 613-359-5391
Fax# 1-855-428-1502

LEEDS & GRENVILLE

South Grenville District High

Box 670
1000 Edward Street North,
Prescott, ON
K0E 1T0
Tel# 613-925-2855
Fax# 1-855-496-0966

Sweet's Corners Elem. School

276 Lyndhurst Road
R.R. #2
Lyndhurst, ON
K0E 1N0
Tel# 613-928-2777
Fax# 1-855-496-0968

Thousand Islands Elem School

Box 90
101 King Street W
Lansdowne, ON
K0E 1L0
Tel# 613-659-2216
Fax# 1-855-496-0971

Thousand Islands Sec. School

2510 Parkedale Avenue
Brockville, ON
K6V 3H1
Tel# 613-342-1100
Fax# 1-855-496-0972

Toniata Public School

24 Scace Avenue
Brockville, ON
K6V 2A4
Tel# 613-342-6310
Fax# 1-855-496-0973

Vanier Public School

40 Vanier Drive
Brockville, ON,
K6V 3J5
Tel# 613-342-8081
Fax# 1-855-496-0974

Wellington Elementary School

Box 1329
920 Boundary Street,
Prescott, ON
K0E 1T0
Tel# 613-925-2803
Fax# 1-855-508-1585

Westminster Public School

29 Central Avenue,
Brockville, ON
K6V 4N6
Tel# 613-345-5552
Fax# 1-855-508-1586

Wolford Public School

2159 County Road 16
R.R. #2
Merrickville, ON
K0G 1N0
Tel# 613-283-6326
Fax# 1-855-508-1589

PRESCOTT-RUSSELL

Cambridge Public School

2123 Route 500 W
Embrun, ON
K0A 1W0
Tel# 613-443-3024
Fax# 1-855-340-9080

Plantagenet Public School

Box 295
635 Water Street
Plantagenet, ON
K0B 1L0
Tel# 613-673-5414
Fax# 1-855-428-1496

Pleasant Corners Public School

4099 Highway # 34
Vankleek Hill, ON
K0B 1R0
Tel# 613-678-2030
Fax# 1-855-428-1497

Rockland District High School

1004 St. Joseph Street
Rockland, ON
K4K 1P6
Tel# 613-446-7347
Fax# 1-855-428-1504

Rockland Public School

999 Giroux Street
Rockland, ON
K4K 1C2
Tel# 613-446-4552
Fax# 1-855-428-1505

Russell High School

982 North Russell Road,
Russell, ON
K4R 1C8
Tel# 613-445-2659
Fax# 1-855-484-6072

Russell Public School

14 Mill Street
Russell, ON
K4R 1E1
Tel# 613-445-2190
Fax# 1-855-484-6073

Vankleek Hill Collegiate Inst.

5814 Highway 34
Vankleek Hill, ON
K0B 1R0
Tel# 613-678-2023
Fax# 1-855-496-0975

STORMONT, DUNDAS & GLENGARRY

Central Public School
200 Amelia Street
Cornwall, ON
K6H 0A5
Tel# 613-932-0857
Fax# 1-855-358-3356

Char-Lan District High School
19743 County Road 17
Williamstown, ON
K0C 2J0
Tel# 613-347-2441
Fax# 1-855-358-3357

Chesterville Public School
Box 489
38 College St
Chesterville, ON
K0C 1H0
Tel# 613-448-2224
Fax# 1-855-358-3358

Cornwall Collegiate V.S.
437 Sydney Street
Cornwall, ON
K6H 3H9
Tel# 613-932-8360
Fax# 1-855-358-3361

Eamer`s Corners Public School
2258 Pitt Street
Cornwall, ON
K6K 1A3
Tel# 613-933-0644
Fax# 1-855-358-3364

East Front Public School
1810 Montreal Road
Cornwall, ON
K6H 5R5
Tel# 613-932-5318
Fax# 1-855-376-4212

TR Leger School
1500 Cumberland Street
Cornwall, ON
K6J 4K9
Tel# 613-933-5500
Fax# 613-930-7251

Gladstone Public School
825 McConnell Avenue
Cornwall, ON
K6H 4M5
Tel# 613-932-5650
Fax# 1-855-376-4215

Glengarry District High School
212 Main Street North
Alexandria, ON
K0C 1A0
Tel# 613-525-1066
Fax# 1-855-376-4217

Iroquois Public School
Box 9
66 Lakeview Drive
Iroquois, ON
K0E 1K0
Tel# 613-652-4580
Fax# 1-855-376-4218

Laggan Public School
20345 Gleneig Road
Dalkeith, ON
K0B 1E0
Tel# 613-525-3112
Fax# 1-855-376-4221

Longue Sault Public School
Box 460
13 Bethune Street
Long Sault, ON
K0C 1P0
Tel# 613-534-2415
Fax# 1-855-384-1913

Maxville PS
15 Alexander Street
Maxville, ON
K0C 1T0
Tel# 613-527-2195
Fax# 1-855-384-1916

Morrisburg Public School
Box 817
16 Second Street,
Morrisburg, ON
K0C 1X0
Tel# 613-543-3166
Fax# 1-855-384-1921

Nationview Public School
Box 140
3045 County Road 1
South Mountain, ON
K0E 1W0
Tel# 613-989-2600
Fax# 1-855-408-0858

North Dundas D.H.S.
12835 Highway # 43
R.R. #3
Chesterville, ON
K0C 1H0
Tel# 613-448-2328
Fax# 1-855-408-0859

North Stormont Public School
Box 100
57 Cockburn Street
Berwick, ON
K0C 1G0
Tel# 613-984-2061
Fax# 1-855-408-0862

Rothwell-Osnabruck School
Box 40
1 College Street
Ingleside, ON
K0C 1M0
Tel# 613-537-2474
Fax# 1-855-484-6070

Roxmore Public School
Box 39
16279 Fairview Drive
Avonmore, ON
K0C 1C0
Tel# 613-346-5502
Fax# 1-855-484-6071

S. J. McLeod Public School
5449 County Road 26
R.R. #1,
Bainsville, ON
K0C 1E0
Tel# 613-347-2648
Fax# 1-855-484-6074

Seaway District High School
Box 100
2 Beach Street
Iroquois, ON
K0E 1K0
Tel# 613-652-4878
Fax# 1-855-484-6075

St. Lawrence Secondary School
1450 Second Street East
Cornwall, ON
K6H 5Z8
Tel# 613-933-8410
Fax# 1-855-496-0967

Tagwi Secondary School
16750 Highway # 43
R.R. #1
Avonmore, ON
K0C 1C0
Tel# 613-346-2122
Fax# 1-855-496-0969

Viscount Alexander P. S.
1401 Dover Road
Cornwall, ON
K6J 1V6
Tel# 613-932-4131
Fax# 1-855-508-1584

STORMONT, DUNDAS & GLENGARRY

Williamstown Public School

19754 County Road 17, Box 100

Williamstown, ON

K0C 2J0

Tel# 613-347-3641

Fax# 1-855-508-1587

Winchester Public School

547 Louise Street South,

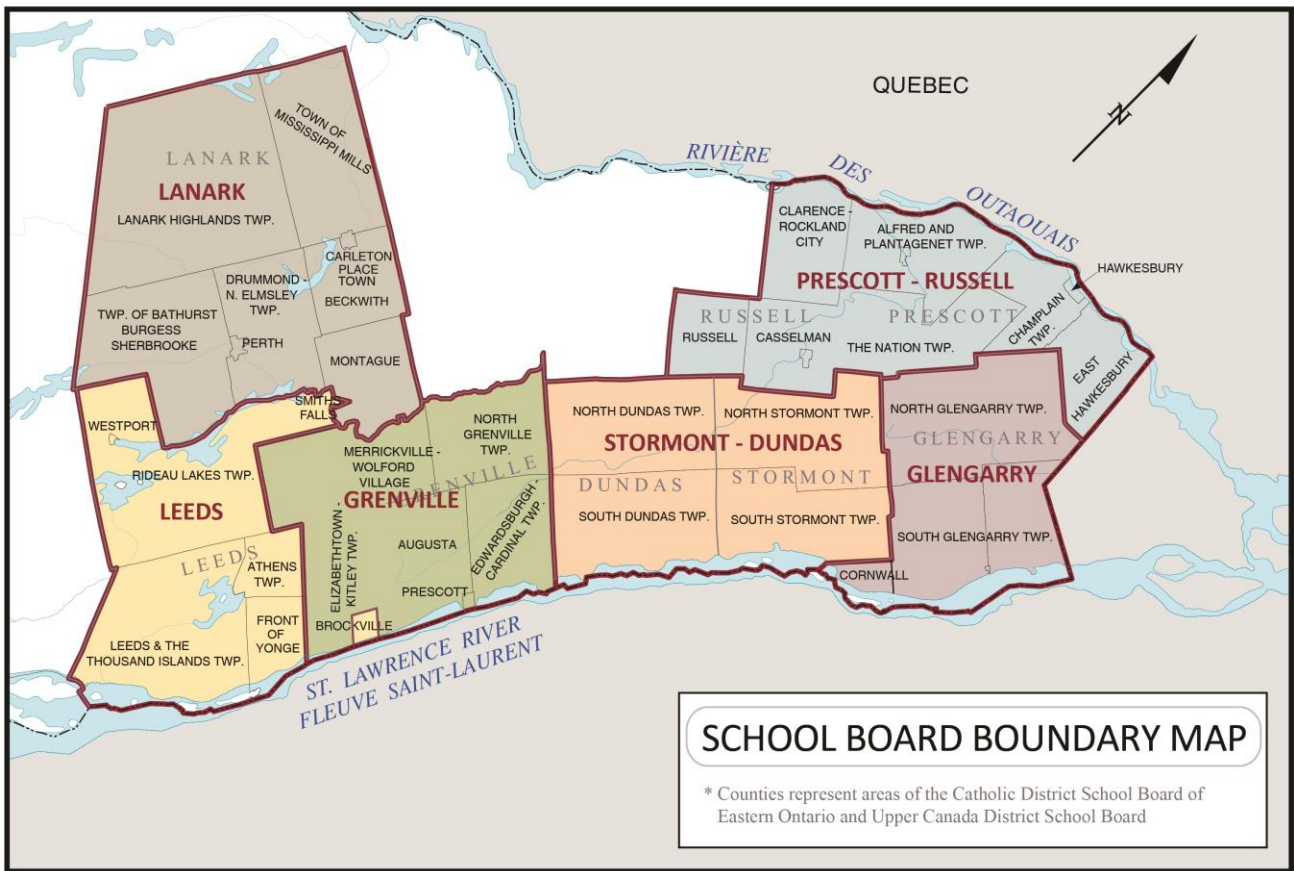
P.O. Box 280

Winchester, ON

K0C 2K0

Tel# 613-774-2607

Fax# 1-855-508-1588



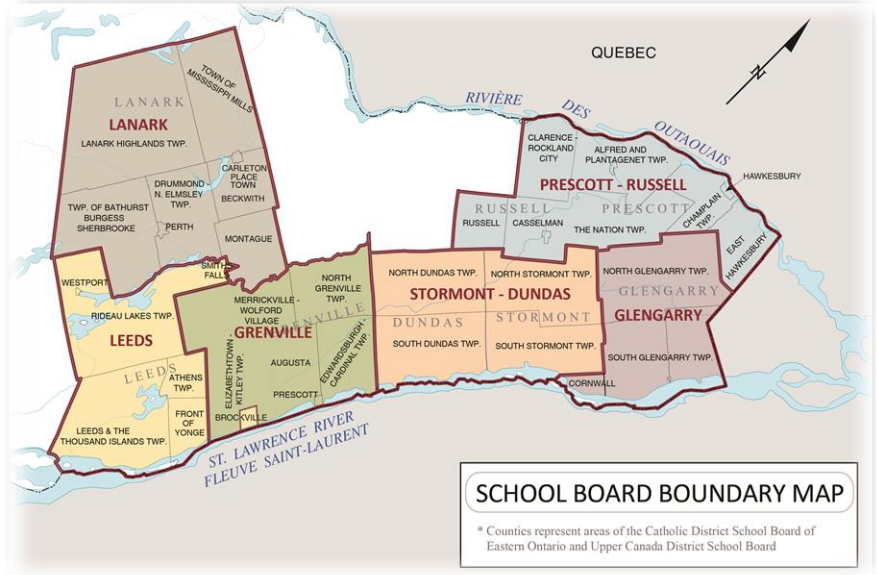
APPENDIX J: DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARDS AND COMMUNITY PARTNERS: SIGNING MEMBERS

Catholic District School Board of Eastern Ontario

Box 2222, 2755 Highway 43
Kemptville, Ontario
K0G 1J0
Telephone: 613-258-7757
Toll-free: 1-800-443-4562
Fax: 613-258-7134
www.cdsbeo.on.ca

Upper Canada District School Board

Administration Building
225 Central Ave. W
Brockville, Ontario
K6V 5X1
Telephone: 613-342-0371
Toll-Free: 1-800-267-7131
Fax: 1-855-586-8748
www.ucdsb.ca



LANARK

Open Doors for Lanark Children and Youth

<http://www.opendoors.on.ca>

Smiths Falls

Unit A1 -88 Cornelia Street W.
Smiths Falls, ON, K7A 5K9
Telephone: 613-283-8260
Toll Free: 1-877-232-8260
Fax: 613-283-8757

Perth

Unit 123, 40 Sunset Blvd
Perth, ON, K7H 2Y4
Telephone: 613-264-1415

Carleton Place

Unit A, 40 Bennett Street
Carleton Place, ON, K7C 4J9
Telephone: 613-257-8260

Perth & Smiths Falls District Hospital

<http://psfdh.on.ca/>

Perth Site

(Great War Memorial Site)
33 Drummond Street West
Perth, ON, K7H 2K1
Telephone: 613-267-1500
Fax: 613-264-0365

Smiths Falls Site

60 Cornelia Street West
Smiths Falls, ON, K7A 2H9
Telephone: 613-283-2330
Fax: 613-283-8990

<p>Family and Children’s Services of Lanark, Leeds and Grenville http://www.fcslg.ca/ Perth 8 Herriot Street Perth, ON, K7H 1S9 Telephone: 613-264-9991 Fax: 613-264-0067</p>	<p>Carleton Place & District Memorial Hospital http://www.carletonplacehospital.ca/ 211 Lake Avenue East Carleton Place, ON, K7C 1J4 Telephone: 613-257-3533</p>
<p>Almonte General Hospital http://www.almontegeneral.com/agh/home/ 75 Spring Street Almonte, ON, K0A 1A0 Telephone: 613-256-2500</p>	<p>Ontario Provincial Police http://www.opp.ca/ Eastern Regional Headquarters 441 Hwy 15 South Smiths Falls, ON, K7A 5B8 Telephone: 613-283-5691</p>
<p>Smiths Falls Police http://www.sfps.ca/ 7 Hershey Drive, Smiths Falls, ON, K7A 4W7 Telephone: 613-283-0357</p>	<p>Carleton Place Detachment 15 Coleman Street Carleton Place, ON, K7C 4N9 Telephone: 613-257-5610</p> <p>Perth Detachment 75 Dufferin Street Perth, ON, K7H 3A5 Telephone: 613-267-2626</p>

LEEDS & GRENVILLE

<p>Children’s Mental Health of Leeds and Grenville http://www.cmhlg.ca/ Brockville 779 Chelsea Street, Suite BU, Brockville, ON, K6V 6J8 Telephone: 613-498-4844 Toll-Free: 1-800-809-2494 Fax: 613-498-2402</p> <p>Kemptville 3-5 Clothier Street, 2nd Floor Kemptville, ON, K0G 1J0 Telephone: 613-258-1959</p>	<p>Children’s Mental Health of Leeds and Grenville http://www.cmhlg.ca/ Gananoque 215 Stone Street South, Sampson House Gananoque, ON, K7G 2T8 Telephone: 613-382-5047</p> <p>Prescott 193 Water Street, Unit 401 Prescott, ON, K0E 1T0 Telephone: 613-925-1615</p> <p>Elgin - by appointment only 10 Perth Street, Guthrie House Elgin, ON, K0G 1E0 Telephone: 1-800-809-2494</p>
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<p>Ontario Provincial Police http://www.opp.ca/ Leeds Detachment Box 636, 4109 County Road 29 Brockville, ON, K6V 5V8 Telephone: 613-345-1790 Fax: 613-345-3202</p> <p>Grenville Detachment 200 Development Drive Prescott, ON, K0E 1T0 Telephone: 613-925-4221 Fax: 613-925-1115</p>	<p>Family and Children's Services of Lanark, Leeds and Grenville http://www.fcslg.ca/ Brockville 438 Laurier Blvd. Brockville, ON, K6V 5C5 Phone: (613) 498-2100</p> <p>Gananoque 300-375 William St.S. Gananoque, ON, K7G 1T2 Telephone: 613-382-8220 Fax: 613-498-2108</p> <p>Kemptville 5 Clothier St. East P.O Box 1299 Kemptville, ON, K0G 1J0 Telephone: 613-258-1460 Fax: 613-258-4459</p>
<p>Brockville Police Service http://www.brockvillepolice.com 2269 Parkdale Ave. Brockville, ON Telephone: 613-342-0127 Fax: 613-342-0452</p>	<p>Canadian Mental Health Association http://www.cmha-lg.ca/ 25 Front Street West, Suite 3 Brockville, ON, K6V 4J2 Telephone: 613-345-0950 Toll-Free: 1-866-499-8455 ext. 4</p>
<p>Kemptville District Hospital www.kdh.on.ca/ 2675 Concession Road Kemptville, ON, K0G 1J0 Telephone: 613-258-6133</p>	<p>Brockville General Hospital http://www.bgh-on.ca/ 75 Charles St, Brockville, ON, K6V 1S8 Telephone: 613-345-5645</p>

STORMONT, DUNDAS & GLENGARRY

<p>Cornwall Community Hospital https://www.cornwallhospital.ca 840 McConnell Avenue Cornwall, ON, K6H 5S5 Telephone: 613-938-4240</p>	<p>Cornwall Community Hospital Children’s Mental Health Services https://www.cornwallhospital.ca 132 Second Street East, Suite 305, Cornwall, ON, K6H 1Y4 Telephone: 613-932-1558</p>
<p>Children’s Aid Society of the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry www.cassdg.ca 150 Boundary Road Cornwall, ON, K6H 6J5 Telephone: 613-933-2292 Fax: 613-933-6767</p>	<p>Canadian Mental Health Association Champlain East http://www.cmha-east.on.ca/ 329 Pitt Street Cornwall, ON, K6J 3R1 Telephone: 613-933-5845 Fax : 613-936-2323</p>
<p>Cornwall Community Police Service http://www.cornwallpolice.com/ 340 Pitt Street Cornwall, ON, K6H 5T7 Telephone: 613-932-2110 Fax: 613-932-9317</p>	<p>Ontario Provincial Police Stormont, Dundas, Glengarry Detachment http://www.opp.ca/ Long Sault Box 430, 4 Milles Roches Road Long Sault, ON, K0C 1P0 Telephone: 613-534-2223 Fax: -613-534-2486</p> <p>Lancaster 134 Pine Lancaster, ON Telephone: 613-347-2449</p> <p>Winchester 547 Saint Lawrence St Winchester, ON Telephone: 613-774-2603</p>
<p>Ontario Provincial Police Stormont, Dundas, Glengarry Detachment http://www.opp.ca/ Alexandria 624 Main S Alexandria, ON Telephone: 613-525-1954</p> <p>Morrisburg 6 – 5th Street West Morrisburg, ON Telephone: 613-543-2949</p>	



PRESCOTT-RUSSELL

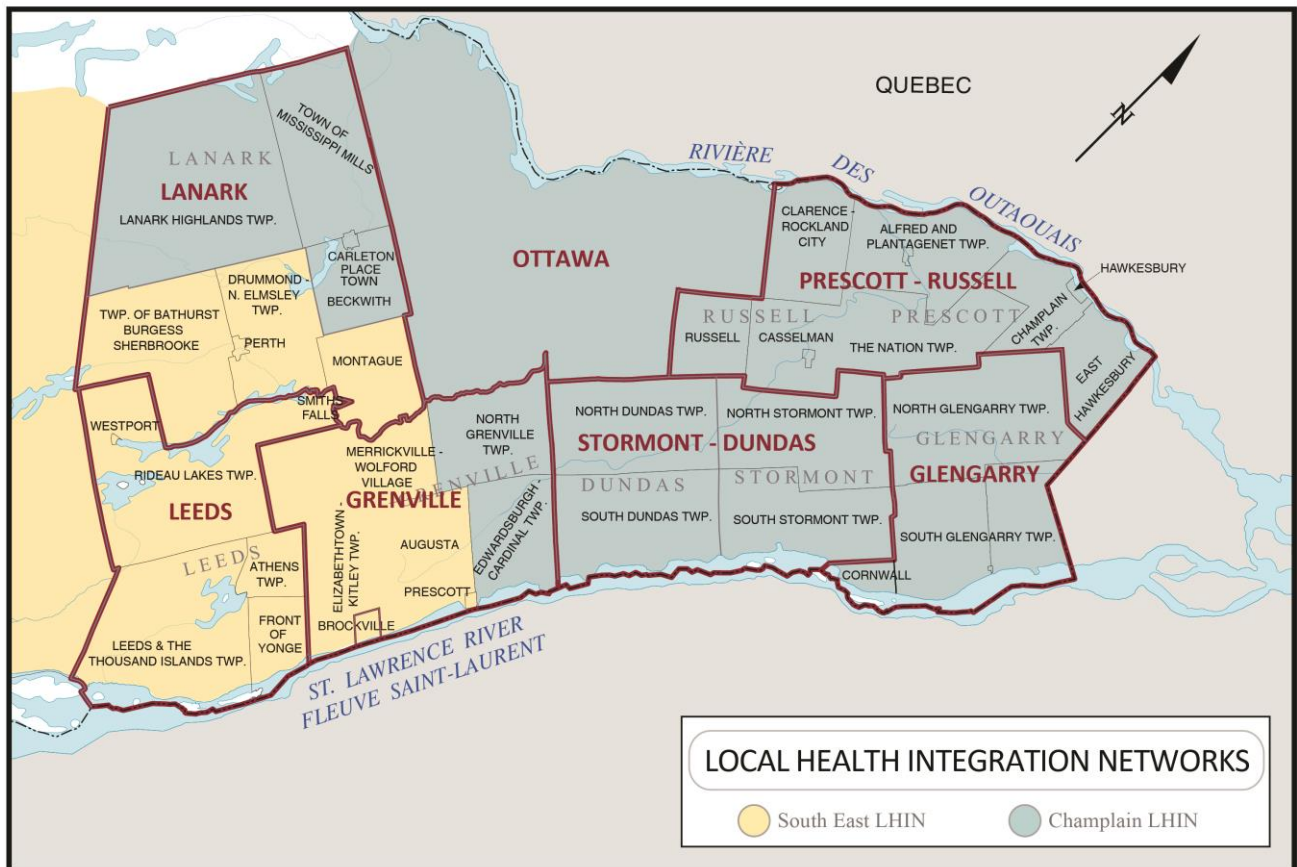
<p>VALORIS for Children and Adults of Prescott-Russell http://www.valorispr.ca Head Office - Plantagenet 173, Old HWY 17 Plantagenet, ON, K0B 1L0 Toll Free: 1-800-675-6168 Fax: 613-673-4800</p> <p>Casselman 41 Racine Street Casselman, ON, K0A 1M0 Toll Free: 1-800-675-6168 Fax: 613 764-7449</p>	<p>VALORIS for Children and Adults of Prescott-Russell http://www.valorispr.ca Hawkesbury 411 Stanley Street Hawkesbury, ON, K6A 3E8 Toll Free: 1-800-675-6168 Fax: 613-673-4831</p> <p>Clarence-Rockland 860 Caron Street, Rockland, ON, K4K 1H1 Toll Free: 1-800-675-6168 Fax: 613 446-7838</p>
<p>Canadian Mental Health Association – Champlain East 444 McGill Street Hawkesbury, ON, K6A 1R2 Telephone: 613-632-4924 Toll-Free: 1800-493-8271 Fax: 613-63226522 http://www.cmha-east.on.ca/</p>	<p>Hawkesbury and District General Hospital 1111 Ghislain Street Hawkesbury, ON, K6A 3G5 Telephone: 613-632-1111 http://www.hgh.ca/</p>
<p>Ontario Provincial Police http://www.opp.ca/ Russell 411 New York Central Avenue Embrun, ON K0A 1W1 Tel: (613) 443-4499</p> <p>Hawkesbury 419 Cartier Blvd Hawkesbury, On K6A 1V9 Telephone: 613-632-2729</p>	<p>Ontario Provincial Police http://www.opp.ca/ Rockland 626 de La Baie Rockland, ON K4K 1K6 Telephone: 613-446-5128</p>

REGIONAL HOSPITALS

<p>CHEO Children’s Hospital of Eastern Ontario http://www.cheo.on.ca/ 401 Smyth Road Ottawa, ON, K1H 8L1 Telephone: 613-737-7600</p>	<p>Hotel Dieu Hospital http://www.hoteldieu.com/ 166 Brock Street Kingston, ON, K7L 5G2 Telephone: 1-855-544-3400</p>
<p>The Royal http://www.theroyal.ca/ 1145 Carling Ave Ottawa, ON, K1Z 7K4 Telephone: 613-722-6521 (Ottawa) Telephone: 613-345-1461 (Brockville)</p>	

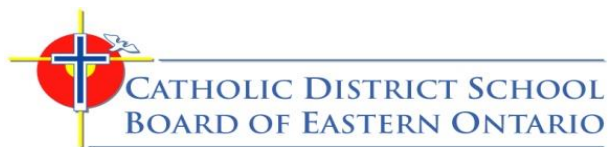
CCAC Community Care Access Centre

<p>Champlain CCAC (For CDSBEO) 4200 Labelle St. Suite 100 Ottawa ON K1J 1J8 Telephone: 1 800 538-0520 Fax: 1-613-745-1422</p>	<p>South East CCAC (For UCDSB) 1471 John Counter Blvd Suite 200 Kingston, ON K7M 8S8 Telephone: 1 800 869 8828 Fax: 613-544-1494</p>
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APPENDIX K: SIGNATORIES TO THE PROTOCOL

William J. Gartland
Director of Education
Catholic District School Board of Eastern Ontario



Charlotte Patterson
Director of Education
Upper Canada District School Board



Gilles Lanteigne
Executive Director
Champlain Community Care Access Centre



Jacqueline Redmond
Chief Executive Officer
South East Community Care Access Centre



Kevin Kapler
Executive Director
Children's Mental Health of Leeds and Grenville



Kevin Clouthier
Executive Director
Open Doors for Lanark Children and Youth



Hélène Fournier
Executive Director
Valoris
For Children and Adults of Prescott-Russell



Mary Wilson Trider
President and CEO
Almonte General Hospital



Tony Weeks
President and CEO
Brockville General Hospital



Alex Munter
President and CEO
Children's Hospital of Eastern Ontario



Toni Surko
Chief Executive Officer
Carleton Place and District Memorial Hospital



Jeanette Despatie
Chief Executive Officer
Cornwall Community Hospital



Linda Morrow
Chief Executive Officer
Glengarry Memorial Hospital



Marc LeBoutillier
Chief Executive Officer
Hawkesbury and District Community Hospital



David Pichora
Chief Executive Officer
Hotel Dieu Hospital Kingston



Collin Goodfellow
Chief Executive Officer
Kemptville District Hospital



Beverley McFarlane
President and CEO
Perth and Smiths Falls District Hospital



George Weber
President and CEO
The Royal



Cholly Boland
Chief Executive Officer
Winchester Memorial District Hospital



Rachel Daigneault
Executive Director
Children's Aid Society
of the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and
Glengarry



Allan Hogan
Executive Director
Family and Children's Services
of Lanark, Leeds and Grenville



Scott Fraser
Chief of Police
Brockville Police Service



Dan Parkinson
Chief of Police
Cornwall Community Police Service



Garry E. Hull
Chief of Police
Gananoque Police Service



J.V.N. (Vince) Hawkes
Commissioner
Ontario Provincial Police



Robert Dowdall
Chief of Police
Smiths Falls Police Service



